

LATINAMERICAN REGIONAL MEETING

JUNE 4 and 5, 2024



Obrigado à nossa anfitriã

- Organização sem fins lucrativos, apoiada por membros a nível global.
- Faz parte do Associação Americana dos Engenheiros Químico (AIChE).
- Criada em março de 1985 como resposta à tragédia em Bhopal (Union Carbide), com a finalidade de liderar o esforço colaborativo para eliminar os acidentes catastrófico de processo.

A PROUD MEMBER COMPANY OF



Visão



“Um mundo sem acidentes de
Segurança de Processo”

Missão



CCPS está empenhado em alcançar um mundo sem incidentes de Segurança de Processo, através de:

Servir como um recurso mundial de primeira linha para conhecimento e compreensão de Segurança de Processos

Avançar na cultura de Segurança de Processos, conceitos técnicos e práticas de gestão

Aprimorar a competência individual e organizacional em Segurança de Processos

Fomentar a colaboração dentro e entre organizações, em todos os níveis

Promover a Segurança de Processos como um valor social fundamental e base para uma operação responsável e sustentável

~270 Member Companies (March 2023)



THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY COMMITTED TO PROCESS SAFETY

<https://www.aiche.org/ccps>

A screenshot of the CCPS website homepage. The header includes a green 'MENU' button, the CPS logo, and navigation links for Education, Events, Membership, Projects, Tools, and Publications. A search icon and 'AIChE' link are also present. A blue 'SIGN IN' button is highlighted with a yellow arrow. The main content area features the title 'Center for Chemical Process Safety' and the tagline 'A World without Process Safety Incidents™'. A 'Member-only Content' link is visible. At the bottom, there are links for 'ABOUT CCPS' and 'BECOME A MEMBER'.

MENU

CPS
Center for Chemical Process Safety

Education+ Events+ Membership+ Projects+ Tools+ Publications+

Q AIChE

SIGN IN

Center for Chemical Process Safety

A World without Process Safety Incidents™

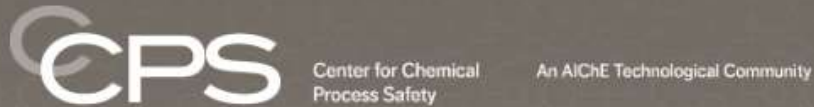
Member-only Content

ABOUT CCPS BECOME A MEMBER

Crie sua conta no site do CCPS e usufrua de todo conhecimento disponibilizado à empresas membro

THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY COMMITTED TO PROCESS SAFETY

Crie sua conta no site do CCPS e usufrua de todo conhecimento disponibilizado ao público e às empresas membro



Login

Username [Forgot your username?](#)

Password [Forgot your password?](#)

Show Password ⓘ

LOGIN ▶

Keep me signed in

Don't have an account?

CCPS offers many benefits but the true value of membership lies in the extraordinary interaction and learning opportunities. The vast pool of knowledge and experience that is available to members is priceless. Members help each other, providing technical guidance and offering safety strategy suggestions. [Join CCPS.](#)

If you do not already have a login account please [create an account](#) here.



**Crie sua conta
no site do CCPS**

<https://www.aiche.org/ccps/ccps-member-companies-0>



MENU  Education + Events + Membership + Projects + Tools + Publications +  Alexandre ...

Become a Member | Membership Inquiry

... Mas não sei se minha empresa é associada...



AC&S INCORPORATED



ADAMA

ADVANSIX

ADvisian



Empresas miembro do CCPS – América Latina



Acuerdos con Instituciones

7 Nuevos Miembros (May 14, 2024)

THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY COMMITTED TO PROCESS SAFETY

Publicações do CCPS em Português



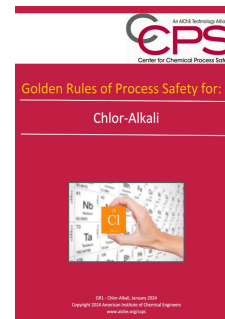
Online publications available at aiche.ccps.org



INDICADORES DE SEGURIDAD DE PROCESOS



REGLAS DE ORO DE POLVOS COMBUSTIBLES



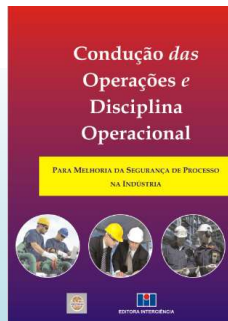
GOLDEN RULES FOR CHLOR-ALKALI IN-PROGRESS

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Books available at: editorainterciencia.com.br



DIRETRIZES PARA SEGURANÇA DE PROCESSO BASEADA EM RISCO



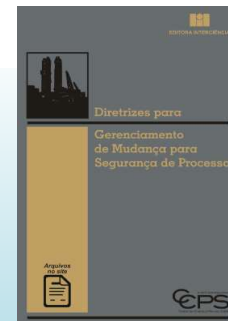
CONDUÇÃO DAS OPERAÇÕES E DISCIPLINA OPERACIONAL



DIRETRIZES PARA DEFINIÇÃO DE REQUISITOS DE COMPETÊNCIA EM SEGURANÇA DE PROCESSO



ANÁLISE DE CAMADA DE PROTEÇÃO



DIRETRIZES PARA GERENCIAMENTO DE MUDANÇA PARA SEGURANÇA DE PROCESSO



DIRETRIZES PARA ELABORAR PROCEDIMENTOS EFICAZES DE OPERAÇÃO E MANUTENÇÃO



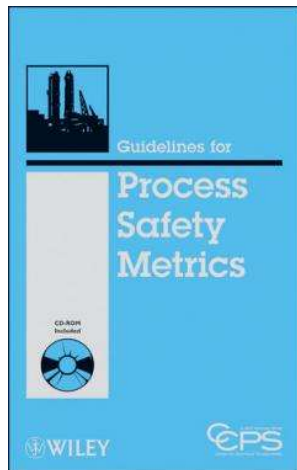
DIRETRIZES PARA ELABORAR PROCEDIMENTOS PARA AVALIAÇÃO DE PERIGOS

Traducciones al Portugues (en-progreso)

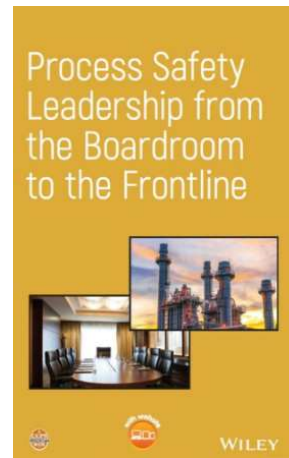


Patrocinados por RSE

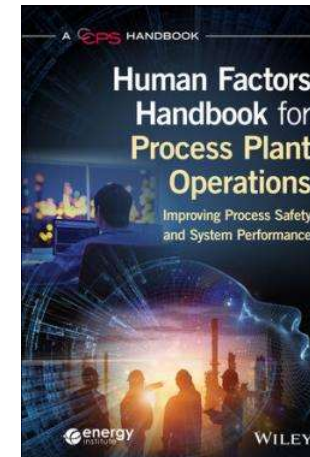
Patrocinado por Vale



Traducido 85%



Traducido 76%



Siguiente para traducir

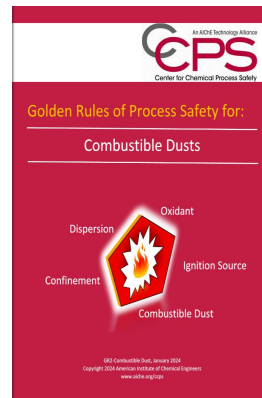
Publicaciones del CCPS en Español



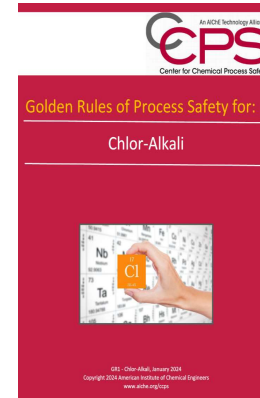
Online publications available at aiche.ccps.org



INDICADORES DE SEGURANÇA DE PROCESSO



GOLDEN RULES FOR COMBUSTIBLE DUST

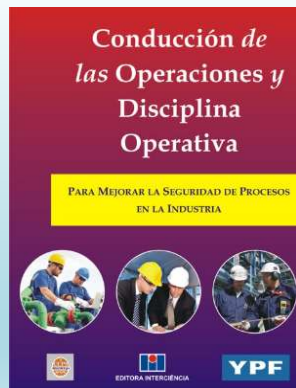


GOLDEN RULES FOR CHLOR-ALKALI IN-PROGRESS

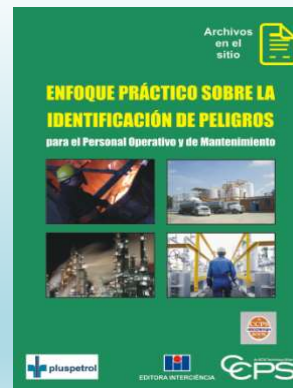
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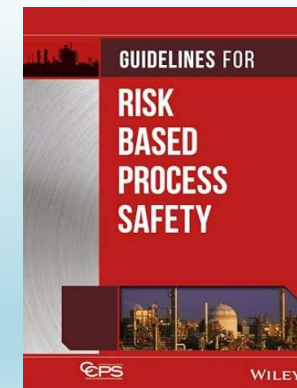
Books available at: editorainterciencia.com.br



CONDUCCIÓN DE LAS OPERACIONES Y DISCIPLINA OPERATIVA



ENFOQUE PRÁCTICO SOBRE LA IDENTIFICACIÓN DE PELIGROS PARA EL PERSONAL OPERATIVO Y DE MANTENIMIENTO



GUIDELINES FOR RISK BASED PROCESS SAFETY

CCPS Key Global & Regional Events in 2024



10ª Conferencia Latinoamericana de Seguridad de Proceso CCPS



**Barranquilla
Colombia**

> 220 trabalhos submetidos à avaliação

- PSM, Cultura e Liderança, Competencias em PSM, Investigação de Acidentes, Disciplina Operacional
- PSM na Indústria de Mineração e Siderurgia
- Cibersegurança, Sustentabilidade, Transição Energética (H2 y Baterias),
- ... e mais

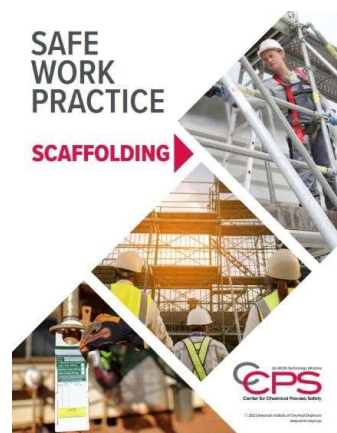
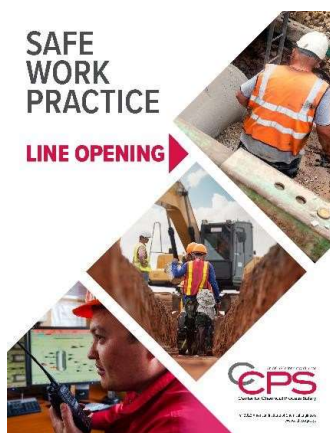
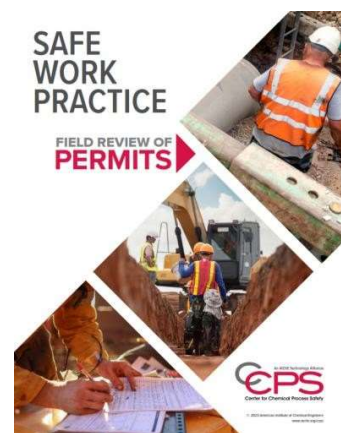
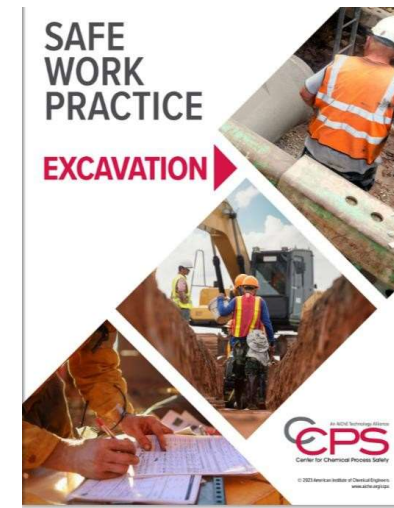
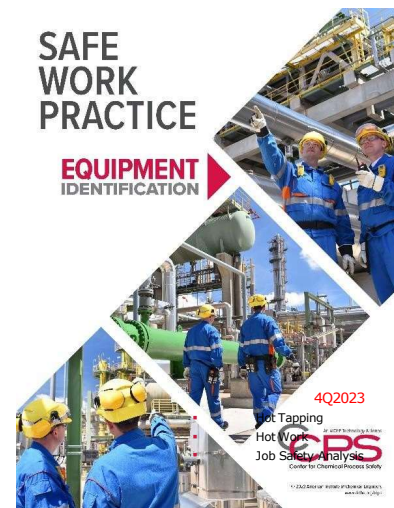
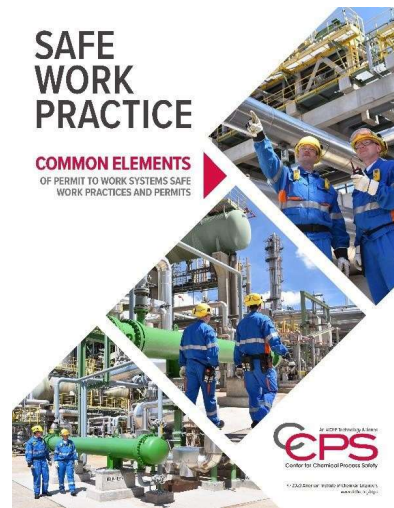
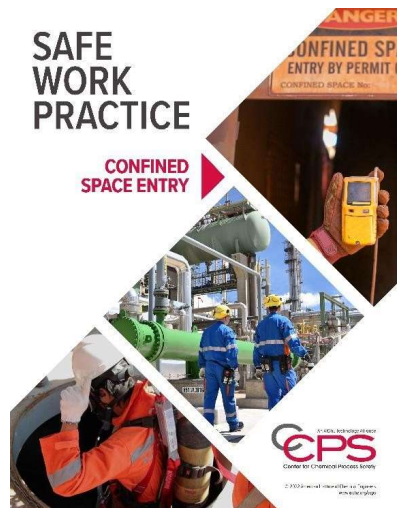
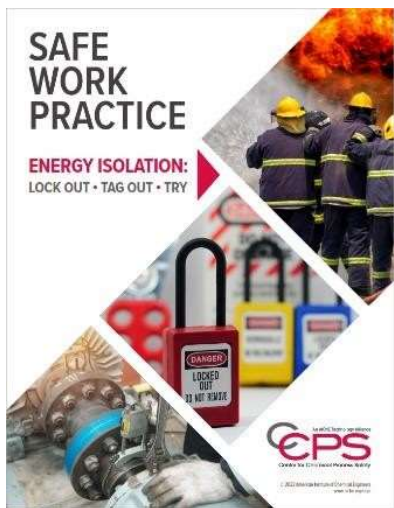
www.aiche.org/lacps



Visit our [Sponsor and Exhibit](#) page to learn how you can support the 2024 LACPS

Disponíveis Online

Série PRÁTICAS DE TRABALHO SEGURO



Q2 2024

- SIMOPS
- Hot Tapping
- Hot Work
- Job Safety Analysis

www.aiche.org/CCPS/Publications

Regras de Ouro em Segurança de Processo

Golden Rules of Process Safety for:

Hydrogen Sulfide



GR3 - H2S, April 2023
Copyright 2023 American Institute of Chemical Engineers
www.aische.org/ccps

Golden Rules of Process Safety for:

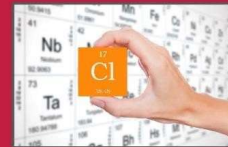
Combustible Dusts



GR2-Combustible Dust, Dec. 2020
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Golden Rules of Process Safety for:

Chlor-Alkali



GR1 - Chlor-Alkali, Jan 2021
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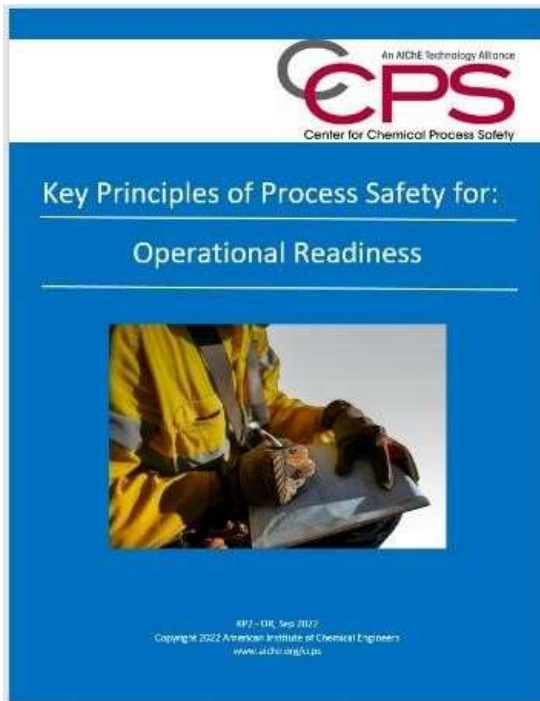
Available online at CCPS

www.aische.org/CCPS/Publications

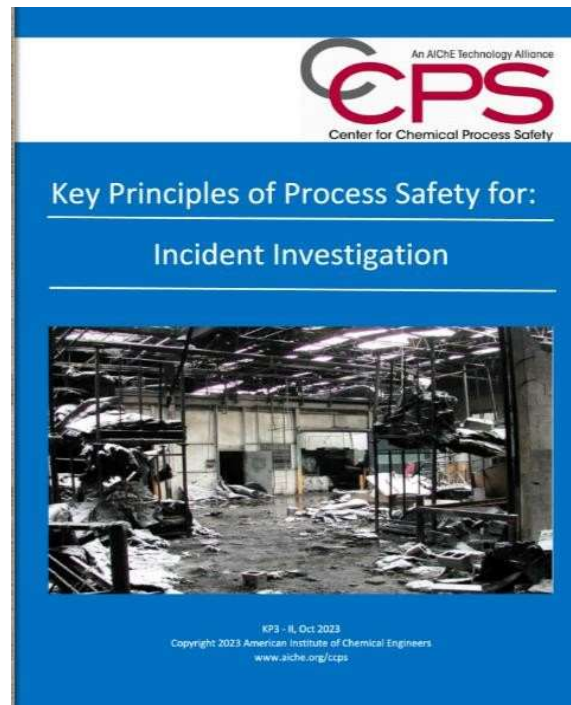
In Development

- Anhydrous Ammonia
- Phosgene
- LNG
- Ethylene Oxide
- Flammable Liquids
- Ammonium Nitrate

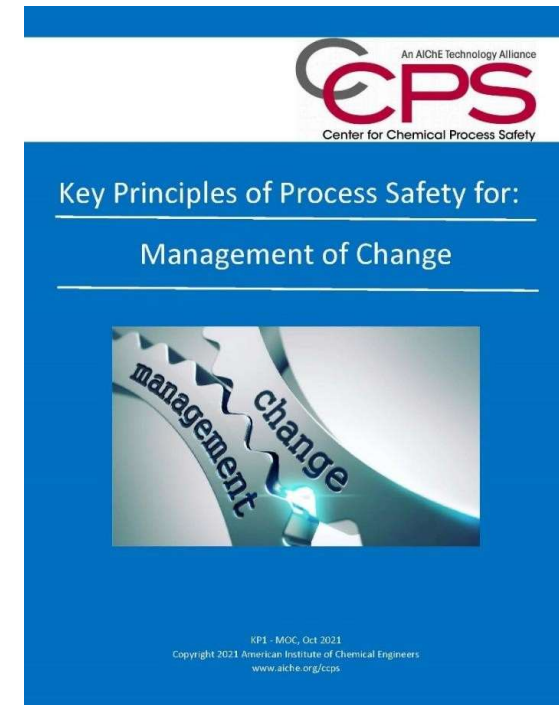
Princípios Fundamentais de PSM



Published Dec 2022



Published October 2023



Published Earlier


www.aiche.org/CCPS/Publications

In Development

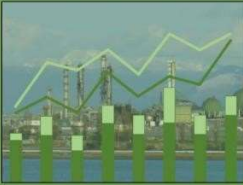
- Asset Integrity (2024)
- Operating Procedures (2024)
- Inerting / Nitrogen (2024)

THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY COMMITTED TO PROCESS SAFETY


Monografias




CCPS Monograph:
How Business Financial Decisions Impact
Process Safety Performance




This monograph guides decision-makers with operational responsibility to consider the process safety impacts of their decisions.

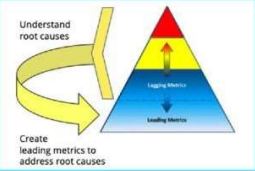


CCPS Monograph:
Methods to Analyze Loss-of-Containment
Scenarios







CCPS Monograph:
Effectively Using Metrics to Improve
Process Safety Performance



This monograph addresses the selection and use of process safety metrics to drive process safety performance improvement.



CCPS Monograph:
Human Factors Primer for
Front Line Leaders



This monograph provides front line leaders in operating plants with human factors concepts and tools to support their decision-making. It complements and references *CCPS/EI Human Factors Handbook*.

www.aiche.org/CCPS/Publications

CCPS Tools

CCPS provides process safety professionals with a variety of free tools that include worksheets, databases, process safety metrics, a glossary, safe work practices, and tools for risk analysis screening and chemical hazard engineering fundamentals.

- [Chemical Reactivity Worksheet](#)
- [Golden Rules](#)
- [LOPA](#)
- [Process Safety Incident Database](#)
- [Process Safety Incident Evaluation \(PSIE\)](#)
- [Process Safety Metrics](#)
- [Process Safety Beacon](#)
- [Process Safety Glossary](#)
- [Professional Services Directory](#)
- [RBPS Resources Web Tool](#)
- [RAST and CHEF](#)
- [Safe Work Practices](#)
- [Vision 20/20](#)



Process Safety Beacon
Messages for Manufacturing Personnel
www.aiche.org/ccps/process-safety-beacon

Toxic Gases March 2023




Figure 1. Chlorine release from a dropped cylinder
Source: <https://www.voanews.com/jordan-negligence-responsible-for-aqaba-chlorine-tank-explosion-6644853.html>

What Happened?

On June 27, 2022, a 25-ton isolator of liquefied chlorine gas was being loaded onto a ship by a crane in Aqaba, Jordan. A lifting cable snapped, and the tank crashed onto the ship's deck and ruptured. A huge cloud of toxic yellow chlorine gas formed and workers evacuated the area. Thirteen people were killed and about 300 others were hospitalized. Officials stated the tank's weight was "three times more than the cable load capacity," and the required safety measures for dealing with such hazardous material were not in place. No qualified person was on the deck at the time to check the lifting equipment and procedures. Experts said the incident could have become a catastrophe had dozens of workers ending a shift not left the site shortly before the leak. Fortunately, winds also blew the toxic gas away from populated areas in the port city to the outlying desert. Precautions should be taken during chemical unloading operations in case of leaks, whether the materials are solids, liquids or gases. In this case, there were a number of people close to the loading area who did not need to be there at the time of the incident.

Did You Know?

- Toxic gases can cause poisonous effects at relatively low concentrations when in contact with the human body.
- Toxic gases are normally grouped as irritants like chlorine and ammonia, asphyxiants like nitrogen and carbon monoxide, anesthetics like nitrous oxide, and special toxicants like hydrogen sulfide and hydrogen cyanide.
- Inhalation of toxic gases can be swiftly fatal as the lungs provide a direct route to the blood stream. Some materials can also be absorbed through the skin and eyes.
- Toxic gases are especially dangerous because they are commonly stored and transported under pressure. They rapidly expand and move through the air when released. Many, like hydrogen sulfide and carbon monoxide, are invisible and have unreliable or no odor warning properties.
- Lifting operations are dangerous work. In some companies and countries, a formal lift plan is required. Essential elements of such plans and safety practices for heavy lifts in areas where highly hazardous materials are present will be covered in a future Beacon.


What Can You Do?

- Preparation for materials handling operations involving toxic gases should always include what to do if a release occurs:
 - ✓ **Always be aware** of the materials being handled, equipment in use, people and surroundings in the areas where you work.
 - ✓ **Read and heed** the warnings on labels, placards and signs where toxic gases are stored and used.
 - ✓ **Stay well away** of lifting operations and warn other personnel who are too close to move away.
 - ✓ **Know where to go** and what procedures to follow if there is a release.
 - ✓ **Be gone, not drawn** to toxic gas releases unless you are trained and equipped as an emergency responder. Move cross-wind and away from the path of the gas release to approved safe havens and shelter-in-place locations.
 - ✓ **Don't test-for-it** and use respirators, other personal protective equipment and portable gas detectors where authorized, available and suitable for the release at hand.

Toxic gas exposures can be fatal. Take the correct actions to protect yourself and others.

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Process Safety Metrics
Guidance for Selecting Leading and Lagging Indicators



PSE Count

2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

Version 4.0

4th Edition

Available in 41 languages
Used as a training tool
Comes Monthly to your inbox

THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY COMMITTED TO PROCESS SAFETY

Messages for Manufacturing Personnel
www.aiche.org/process-safety-beacon

An Error Trap Leads to a Catastrophe

January 2024

Figure 1: Rising Stem valves

A fuel terminal was off-loading a large amount of gasoline from a ship to several storage tanks. The supervisor incorrectly estimated the time to fill one tank, and it overflowed into the containment (dike) area. Unfortunately, the valve to drain rainwater from the containment had been left open and the gasoline flowed out to the retention pond near the wastewater treatment (WWT) area. The pumps in the WWT area were not classified for flammable vapor. The vapors ignited, and the fire spread back toward the overflowing tank. A number of explosions and a facility-wide fire had catastrophic impacts on the plant, community and sensitive environmental areas around the terminal.

How did this happen?

The tank farm used both rising stem (Fig. 1) and fixed stem valves (Fig. 2) on the dike drains leading to the storm water retention pond in the WWT area. Rising stem valves allowed operators to easily see the valve position by observing the stem above the valve wheel (red arrow). Fixed stem valves do not provide a visual indication of the position (blue arrow); the stem does not rise above the handwheel when the gate is raised. It was difficult for operators to know the actual position of the fixed stem valve on the dike drain for the tank dike without physically turning it.

Poor lighting in the area made it difficult for operators to see the valve positions. For more details, see CS9 Report No. 2010.02.1PR.

Figure 2: Fixed Stem valves

Did You Know?

- There are two styles of gate valves that look similar. (Figures 1 and 2).
- Having two different style valves in the same service can create an "error trap", a situation where a mistake is more likely.
- Operating procedures provide instruction on the safe operation of a process. Where valve positions can be confusing, pictures help explain the right valve position.
- Poor lighting in remote areas can make minor differences in equipment difficult to see and was a factor in this event.

What Can You Do?

- If you notice equipment that looks similar but operates differently, tell your supervisor. There may be several ways to remove the error trap:
 - Add pictures to improve operating procedures by showing the correct position or alignment for the valves or other equipment.
 - Replace some valves so they all operate the same way and make such changes using Management of Change (MOC).
- Where poor lighting makes operations more difficult, recommend improving the lighting in the area to reduce errors and improve general safety. (Again, follow MOC).
- Some companies consider error traps near-misses and want them reported using a near-miss or other reporting form.
- Also see the June 2006 Beacon for another valve error incident.

Do not get caught in an error trap!

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Messages for Manufacturing Personnel
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Vacuum can put a dent in your process!

February 2024

Figure 1: Inlet duct to a dryer collapsed under vacuum

Figure 2: Reactor collapsed after steam out

What happened? A process containing flammable materials was operating under vacuum. Suddenly, the vent line collapsed. Equipment can collapse when the internal pressure caused by the vacuum is lower than the equipment's vacuum rating. Vacuum can be created inside equipment by:

- Exposing equipment to a strong vacuum source, such as an eductor or vacuum pump, without adding a gas to control the pressure (see Figure 1).
- Draining a tank without properly venting the headspace.
- Cooling a tank without venting it – this can even occur if a vessel vent is blocked and the ambient temperature decreases like a sudden rain.
- Steaming a vessel without venting it – the water vapor can condense and create a vacuum inside the equipment (see Figure 2).

Why is creating vacuum a problem? Beyond the potential for vessel collapse, vacuum can cause other potentially unsafe conditions. Air can be drawn into the equipment; if the process contains flammable materials, an ignition or explosion could occur. Vacuum could also cause materials in the process to boil unexpectedly or foam. There is also a risk of backflow in equipment, since materials tend to flow toward lower pressure points in the process.

Did You Know?

- When a process runs at less than atmospheric pressure (vacuum), the process contains less air than at atmospheric pressure. If it is operating near full vacuum, (0 psia or 0 mm Hg), there is little air in the process.
- Equipment rated for internal pressure may not be rated for vacuum. Pressure and vacuum ratings for equipment can be found on the equipment tag or the equipment data sheet.
- Vacuum control systems reduce the pressure by opening valves to a vacuum source. The pressure can be raised by adding a gas (usually inert) into the process to raise the pressure.
- For boiling processes, lower pressure allows most materials to boil at a lower temperature. This is often how high boiling materials are separated.

What Can You Do?

- Understand how the vacuum systems work for your processes – both how the vacuum is created and how the pressure is controlled.
- Recognize that loss of vacuum in a flammable system could mean that air got into the process. Follow your unit's procedures to manage the upset.
- Do not block the vent of a tank without providing a venting path, such as a vacuum relief device.
- Don't steam out equipment or pump material out of a tank or vessel without a venting path or other means of protection from vacuum.
- During hazard reviews, discuss all the possible causes of vacuum. Some consequences may be more than a quality problem; they could be an unsafe situation.

Do not let vacuum collapse your equipment!

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The Process Safety Beacon is a monthly one-page newsletter that covers the breadth of process safety topics. Scan the QR code below to subscribe:



www.aiche.org/CCPS/Publications



PROCESS SAFETY INCIDENT DATABASE

From the Center for Chemical Process Safety

Total Incidents

876

Member Companies:

143

Active Users:

313



Collection of learning's from incidents and near-misses.

Useful for hazard analysis, incident investigation, process design, and training

It is CCPS expectation that all member companies, participating in the PSID, will be able to submit one incident on a yearly basis, as a minimum, to this database.

Access to PSID is free to CCPS member companies.
[Five users per company]

Data as of February 20, 2024

THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY COMMITTED TO PROCESS SAFETY



INTERNATIONAL PROCESS SAFETY WEEK



December 2-6, 2024

Join Us for a week-long observance of Process Safety Excellence!

We invite you to participate in this week-long observance, filled with engaging activities and educational opportunities that will enhance our commitment to process safety.

PROGRAM & ACTIVITIES

WEBINARS

Renowned industry experts will share their insights and experiences on process safety management, best practices, and the latest trends

PANEL DISCUSSIONS

Engage in thought-provoking conversations with a diverse panel of professionals, exchanging ideas and discussing the challenges and solutions in maintaining a safe work environment.

CASE STUDIES

Discover real-life examples of process safety incidents, their root causes, and the lessons learned. Gain valuable insights into preventing similar occurrences within our organization.

FACILITATED BY-



For More Information visit:
<https://www.aiche.org/ccps/ipsw>



INTERNATIONAL PROCESS SAFETY WEEK



Scan the QR code to learn more



THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY COMMITTED TO PROCESS SAFETY


ENCONTROS CCPS BRASIL – 2024

Virtuais - (terça-feira) 14 às 17:30h



27 fevereiro – IBP 

16 abril – GERDAU 

16 maio (quinta) - IPIRANGA 

04 junho – TRANSPETRO (**presencial – Rio de Janeiro**)

13 agosto – CCPS

8 outubro – FM GLOBAL

AGENDA



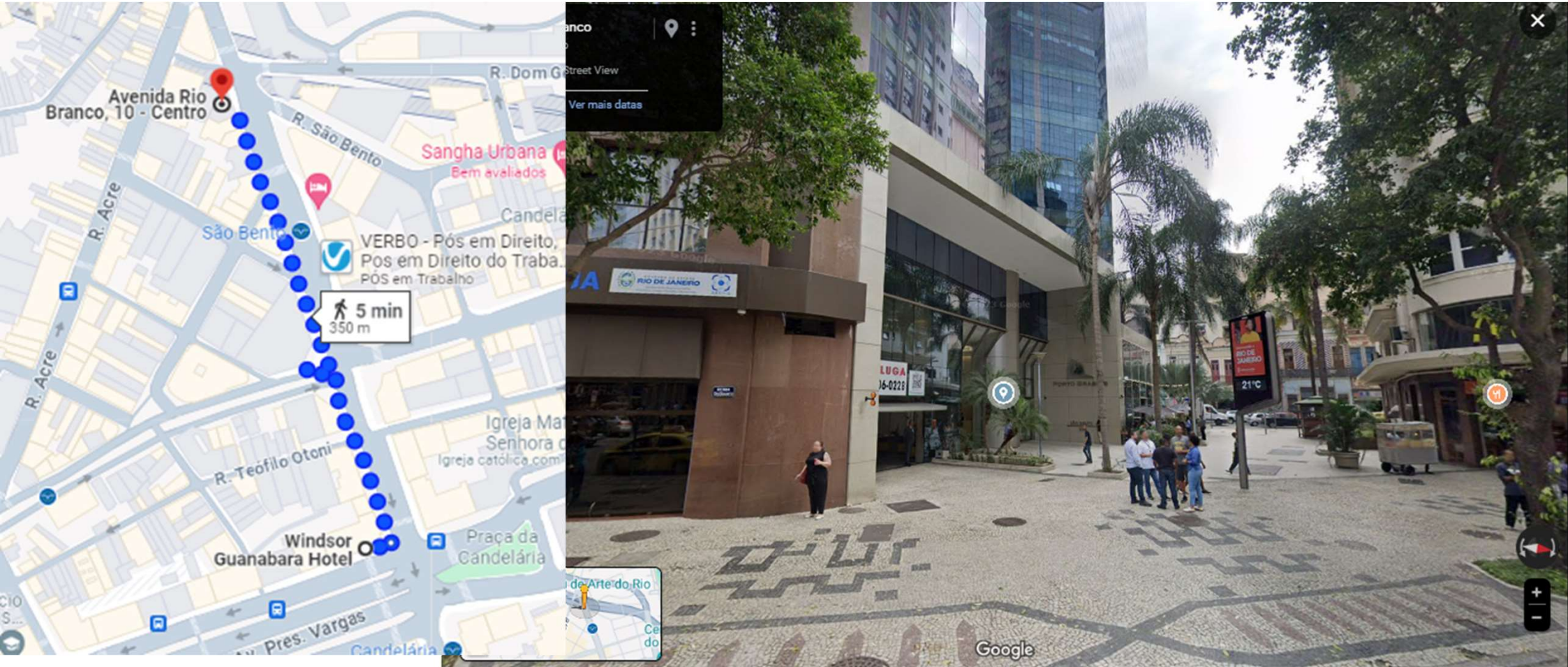
Horario	Día 1 – 4 Junho 2024
08:00 – 08:30	Inscrição & café de boas vindas
08:30 – 08:45	Abertura e Instruções (TRANSPETRO)
08:45 – 09:15	Agenda & Atualizações do CCPS - Glitz (CCPS)
09:15 - 10:15	Palestra Magna – Integração das Operações (Dutos, Terminais, Navios e SMS) - (TRANSPETRO)
10:15 – 10:30	Pausa & Café
10:30 – 11:15	BOW TIE de gasômetro realizado pela Comissão de Segurança de Processo da Aço Brasil (APERAM, GERDAU, USIMINAS, ARCELORMITTAL) – Pauliana Craveiro (ARCELORMITTAL)
11:15 – 12:00	Gestão dinâmica de Barreiras – Fábio Rossi (PETROBRAS)
12:00 – 13:30	Almoço a cargo de cada participante (Reserva previa no restaurante do Hotel Guanabara (pagamento com Cartão de Crédito))
13:30 – 15:00	Visita ao CNCL e Centro de CRISE - TRANSPETRO – Centro Nacional de Controle e Logística Operacional dos Dutos operados no Brasil (Dutos - onshore)
15:00 – 15:15	Pausa & Café – Auditório do 3º andar
15:15 – 15:45	Deslocamento a pé até a Academia TRANSPETRO
15:45 – 17:00	Visita ao Simulador de Manobras com Navios – Academia TRANSPETRO (20 minutos de caminhada do Hotel Guanabara)
17:00 – 17:15	Encerramento do dia

AGENDA



Time	Día 2 – 5 Junho 2024
08:00 – 08:15	Café “seja bemvindo” Abertura e Instruções
08:15 – 09:15	Desmitificando los Factores Humanos - Gilsa Monteiro (DNV)
09:15 – 10:00	Aumentando a capacidade de resposta a emergências (interface com Factores Humanos) – Carmen Migueles (FGV)
10:00 – 10:15	Pausa & Café
10:15 – 11:00	Aprendizado com a Experiência na Petrobras – Tiago Freire (PETROBRAS)
11:00 – 11:45	Fator susto na performance humana. Visão da aviação – Teresa Parnes, Rafael Geroldi e Carlos Takanori – AZUL Linhas Aéreas
11:45– 13:30	Almoço a cargo de cada participante (Reserva previa no restaurante do Hotel Guanabara (pagamento com Cartão de Crédito))
13:30 – 14:15	Qualidade de Procedimentos Operacionais – Daniela Revez (CARGILL)
14:15 – 15:00	Indicadores de Segurança de Processo para a mineração – Juliana Mello (VALE)
15:00 – 15:15	Pausa & Café
15:15 – 16:30	Painel de Discussão: O caminho da Segurança de Processo – onde nos encontramos? Moderador: Alexandre Glitz Panelistas: Gilsa Monteiro DNV Carmen Migueles FGV Pauliana Craveiro ARCELORMITTAL Livia Freitas Alves IPIRANGA Juliana Mello VALE Luana Marques TRANSPETRO Daniela Revez - CARGILL
16:30 – 16:45	Comunicados e Encerramento

Academia TRANSPETRO – Av. Rio Branco 10, esquina com Rua São Bento
(29) – EDIF. PORTO BRASILIS



THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY COMMITTED TO PROCESS SAFETY



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 CCPS Senior Consultant
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 agglitz@gmail.com



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 CCPS Latin America Manager
 carmo@aiiche.org

04/06/2024

TRANSPORTE MARÍTIMO NA TRANSPETRO



LINHA DO TEMPO



1950

Criação da FRONAPE

Abril – foi criada a Frota Nacional de Petroleiros.



1953

Criação da PETROBRAS

A Lei n. 2.004 instituiu o monopólio da pesquisa, lavra, refino e transporte de petróleo e derivados, bem como gases de qualquer natureza.



1998

Criação da TRANSPETRO

Os navio da Fronape foram incorporados à então recém-criada Petrobras Transporte SA – Transpetro.



2004

Criação da PROMEF

Programa de Modernização e Expansão da Frota (PROMEF) – lançado em 2004. Primeiro navio entregue em 2010. Total de **26 navios** entregues.



2024

TP25

Programa de construção de novos navios, mais modernos e eficientes, para atender as demandas para Petrobras.

NOSSA FROTA



A FROTA TRANSPETRO

35 navios



26 próprios

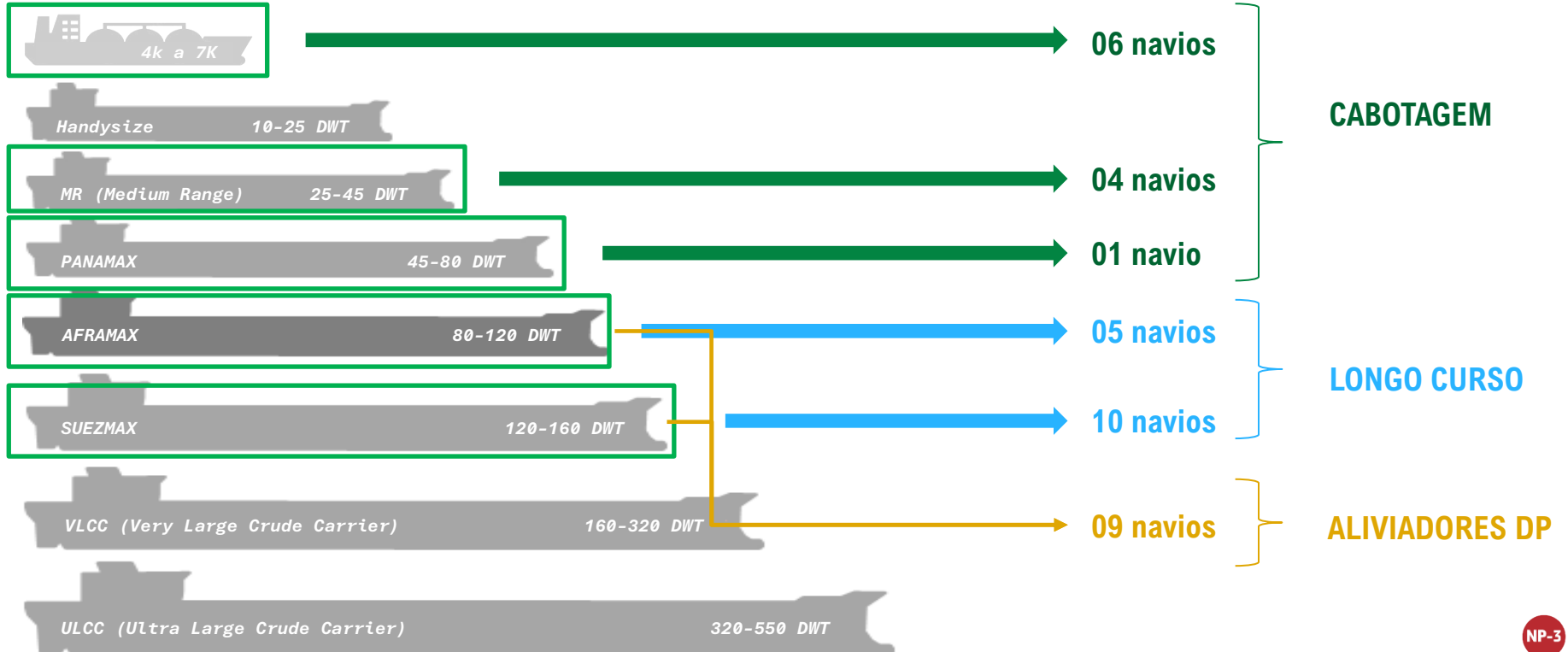
09 Afretados
BCP

Idade
Média

8,5 anos

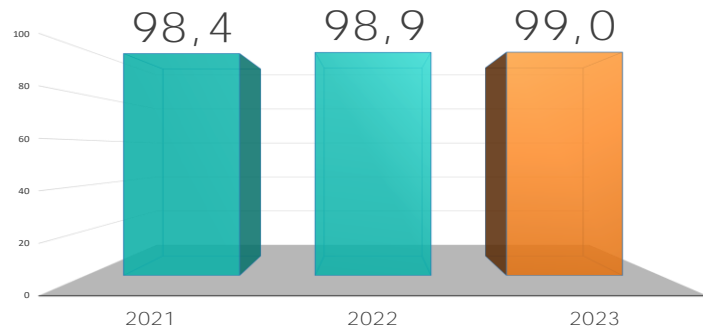


A FROTA TRANSPETRO

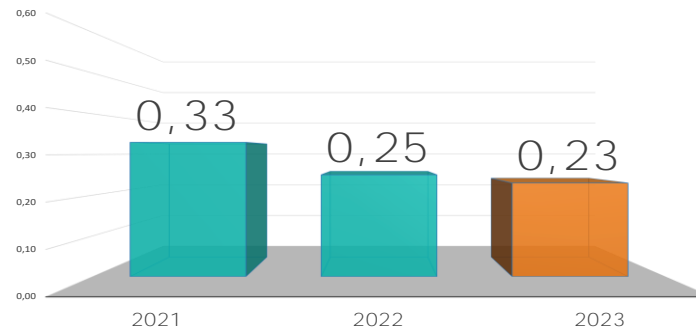


RESULTADOS OPERACIONAIS

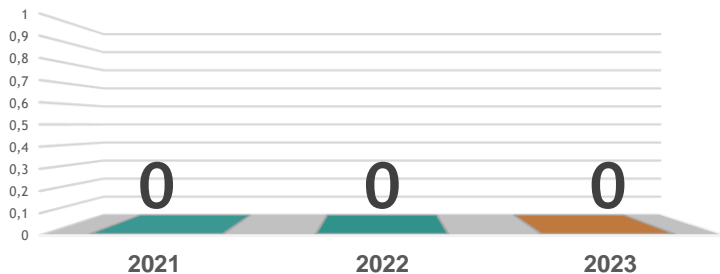
ÍNDICE DE DISPONIBILIDADE OPERACIONAL (IDO)



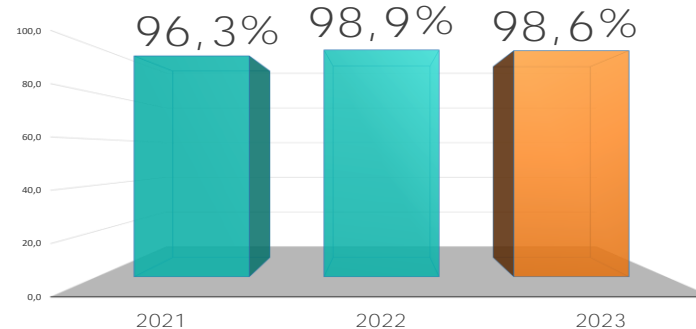
TAXA DE ACIDENTADOS REGISTRÁVEIS (TAR)



VAZAMENTO DE OLEO E DERIVADOS (VAZO)



CONTROLE DE EFICIÊNCIA DE NAVIOS (CEN)



ONDE ESTAMOS (03/06/2024)



SISTEMA DE GESTÃO



HISTÓRICO

O desenvolvimento do Sistema de Gestão, no âmbito do Transporte Marítimo, teve início no ano de 1996, em atendimento aos requisitos do Código ISM, tendo como foco segurança de Pessoas, preservação do Meio Ambiente e da Propriedade.

OBJETIVO

- ◆ Assegurar que os procedimentos e orientações reflitam as políticas e diretrizes estabelecidas pela Direção;
- ◆ Reforçar a cultura voltada segurança de pessoas, preservação do meio ambiente e propriedade;
- ◆ Otimizar o uso dos recursos disponíveis, buscando-se a eficiência dos processos e as reduções de perdas e retrabalho;
- ◆ Reorganizar os processos de trabalho, voltando-se para ações preventivas, objetivando a redução de reatividade;

COMPOSIÇÃO

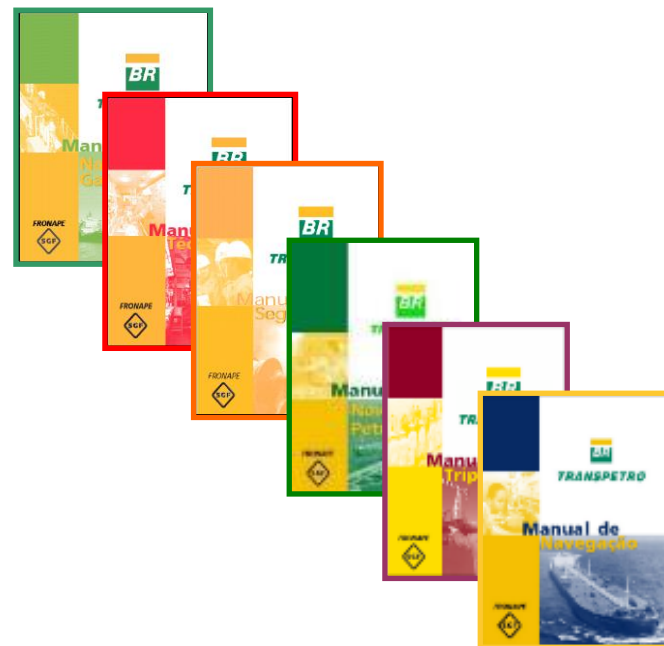
Sistema de Gestão da Frota - SGF

O Sistema de Gestão da Frota é constituído pelos seguintes documentos:

- Política de QSMS
- Manual Geral do SGF
- Manuais do SGF (6)
- Padrões Gerenciais (45)
- Padrões de Execução (9)

MANUAIS DO SGF

- ❑ Manual do Gaseiro
- ❑ Manual Técnico
- ❑ Manual de Segurança
- ❑ Manual do Petroleiro
- ❑ Manual da Tripulação
- ❑ Manual de Navegação



HENRIQUE DIAS

CONTINGÊNCIA

DRAGÃO DO MAR
RIO DE JANEIRO

CONTINGÊNCIA

SITUAÇÕES DE EMERGÊNCIA - ATRIBUIÇÕES E RESPONSABILIDADES

- Incêndio;
- Abandono;
- Poluição;
- Colisão/Abalroamento;
- Encalhe;
- Água Aberta;
- Homem ao Mar;
- Perda de Propulsão;
- Perda de Governo e Governo em Emergência;
- Perda de Energia;
- Explosão/Implosão;
- Resgate de Pessoa Acidentada em Espaços Confinados, Casa de Bombas e Trabalhos Elevados;
- Escape de Gás na Área de Carga ou Terminal (GLP).

Cronograma anual:
Simulados com as
tripulações



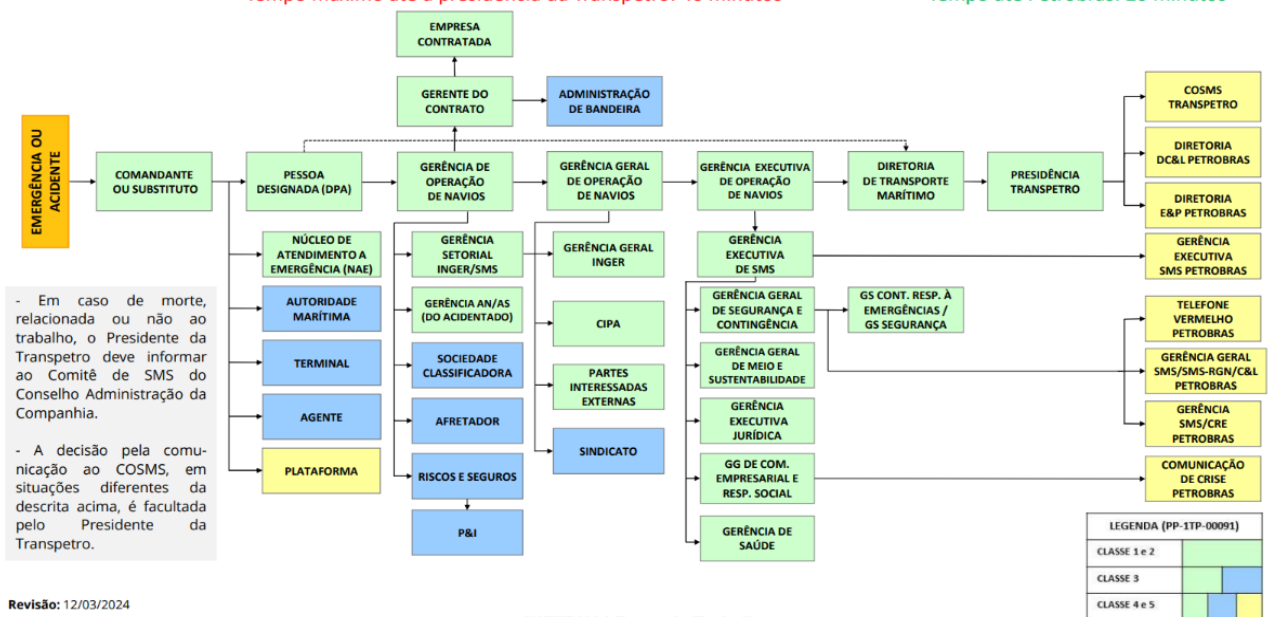
CONTINGÊNCIA

Plano de Resposta à Emergência PG-SMS-015

Fluxo de Comunicação de Emergências e Acidentes Pessoais (DTM)

Tempo máximo até a presidência da Transpetro: 40 minutos

Tempo até Petrobras: 20 minutos



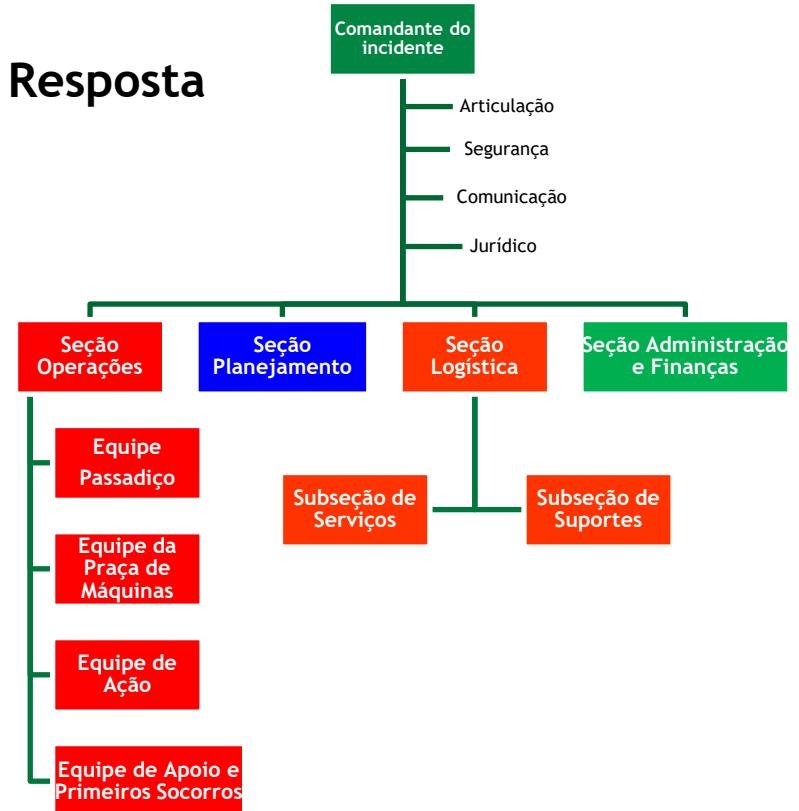
Revisão: 12/03/2024

INTERNA | Força de Trabalho

CONTINGÊNCIA

Estrutura Organizacional de Resposta

Estrutura e atribuições de acordo com o ICS (Incident Command System)



CONTINGÊNCIA

Estrutura Organizacional de Resposta

Realização de simulados:
campo/comunicação
e tabletop





Princípios de **FATORES HUMANOS** da Transpetro

PFH 2

PESSOAS CRIAM SEGURANÇA

Projetos, sistemas e processos de trabalho são naturalmente imperfeitos. São as pessoas, através das suas ações diárias, que tornam os projetos, sistemas e processos mais seguros. Pessoas não são o problema, são a solução.

PFH 4

APRENDER E MELHORAR É CHAVE PARA O SUCESSO

O saber fazer está nas pessoas. Aprender com o trabalho real, ouvindo ativamente as equipes, permite identificar e corrigir proativa e continuamente os problemas relacionados ao trabalho, retroalimentando projetos, sistemas e processos.

PFH 1

CONFIANÇA É FUNDAMENTAL

Nossas relações são baseadas na premissa de que todos buscamos sempre o melhor resultado. O líder deve estimular um ambiente de confiança que fomente a autonomia com responsabilidade, promovendo o engajamento e facilitando o aprendizado.

PFH 3

COMO RESPONDEMOS ÀS FALHAS IMPORTA MUITO

O erro é sempre o ponto de partida e não a conclusão de uma investigação. Ninguém trabalha para errar, embora possa cometer erros em ações bem intencionadas. Focar apenas na culpa pode comprometer a confiança e o processo de aprendizagem e melhoria, fundamentais para uma cultura justa.

PFH 5

O CONTEXTO DIRECIONA O COMPORTAMENTO

A cultura organizacional influencia o contexto que direciona o comportamento das pessoas. O comportamento pode ser uma expressão do problema.

Obrigada!



www.transpetro.com.br





GT – PSM - Process Safety Management

Coordenadora: Pauliana Craveiro – ArcelorMittal Pecém

O Instituto Aço Brasil

Entidade civil, sem fins lucrativos, que tem como objetivo congrega e representar as empresas brasileiras produtoras de aço, defender seus interesses e promover seu desenvolvimento.

Empresas Associadas



Parque Produtor do Aço



O Instituto Aço Brasil

Comitê de Saúde e Segurança

Presidente do Comitê de Segurança: Nathalia Devillart
Mario Sergio - Gerente Assuntos Legislativos e Trabalhistas



GT – Higiene Ocupacional

Coordenador: Douglas Sousa



GT – NR'S

Coordenadora: Renata Sousa



GT – Lições Aprendidas

Coordenador: Eduardo Justo



GT – Saúde

Coordenador: Davi Beltrami



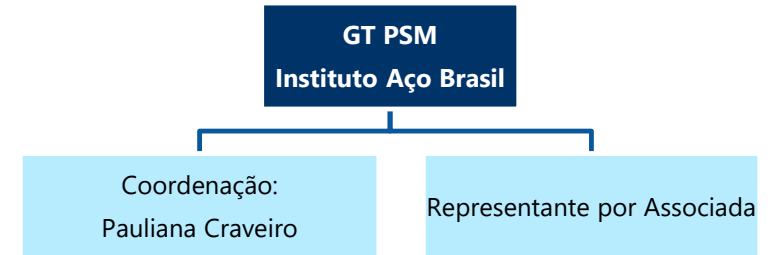
GT – PSM

Coordenadora: Pauliana Craveiro



GT – PSM - Process Safety Management

Objetivo do GT: Tornar a indústria do aço referência em segurança de processos, reduzindo a probabilidade e severidade dos riscos de processos em comum entre as associadas, identificando e controlando os riscos inerentes às operações prevenindo a ocorrência de eventos de segurança de processos em caso de falhas.

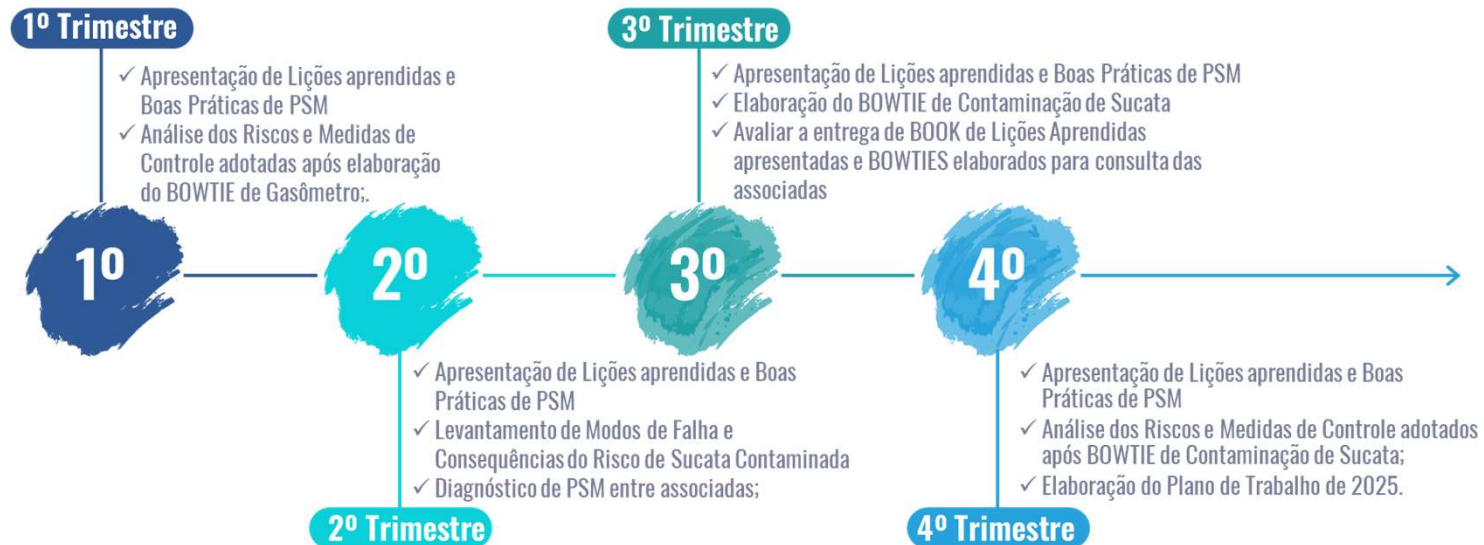


ESCOPO DE TRABALHO DO GT – PSM

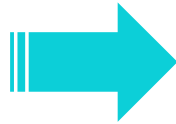
- ✓ Nivelamento do conceito de gestão dos riscos de processos;
- ✓ Desenvolvendo um trabalho com foco nas premissas da Worldsteel;
- ✓ Promovendo ações de gestão focadas na prevenção de acidentes catastróficos;
- ✓ Compartilhando boas práticas de redução de riscos e projetos de inovação;
- ✓ Realização de análise de riscos integrados de processos com a elaboração de bowties modelos com foco na redução de grau de riscos.



PLANO DE TRABALHO



GT – PSM - Process Safety Management



EVENTO TOPO

Definido como evento topo: “Perda de Contenção do Gasômetro”

Justificativa: Processo similar entre as associadas e eventos recentes com alto potencial no ramo siderúrgico

MODOS DE FALHA E CONSEQUÊNCIAS

Mapeados através de diversas ferramentas de análise de riscos utilizadas entre as associadas.

Levantamento prévio – inventário dos modos de falha e consequências já mapeados pelas empresas.

BOWTIE

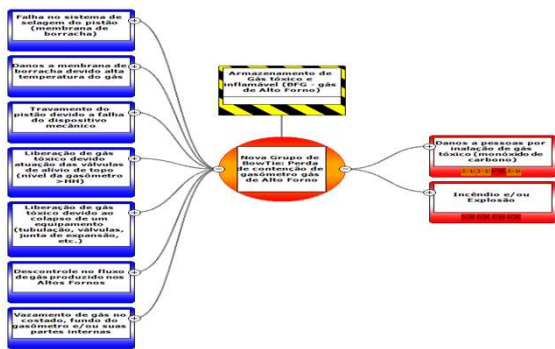
Elaboração do BOWTIE – Reunião Presencial

Formação de equipe multidisciplinar, análise dos métodos operacionais, definição de barreiras considerando as diversas condições operacionais e similaridades

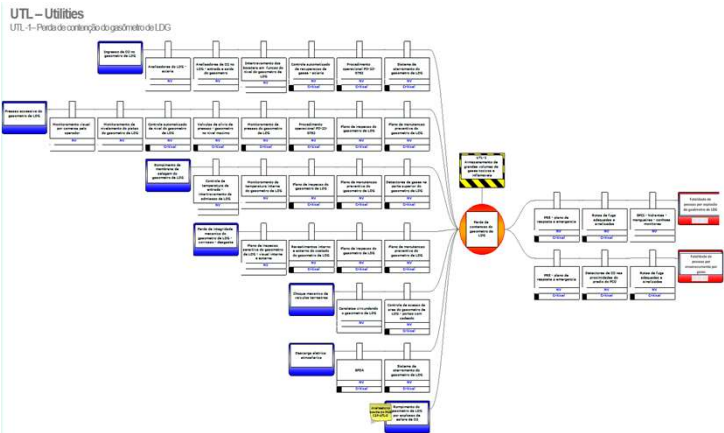
GT – PSM - Process Safety Management

Plano de Trabalho

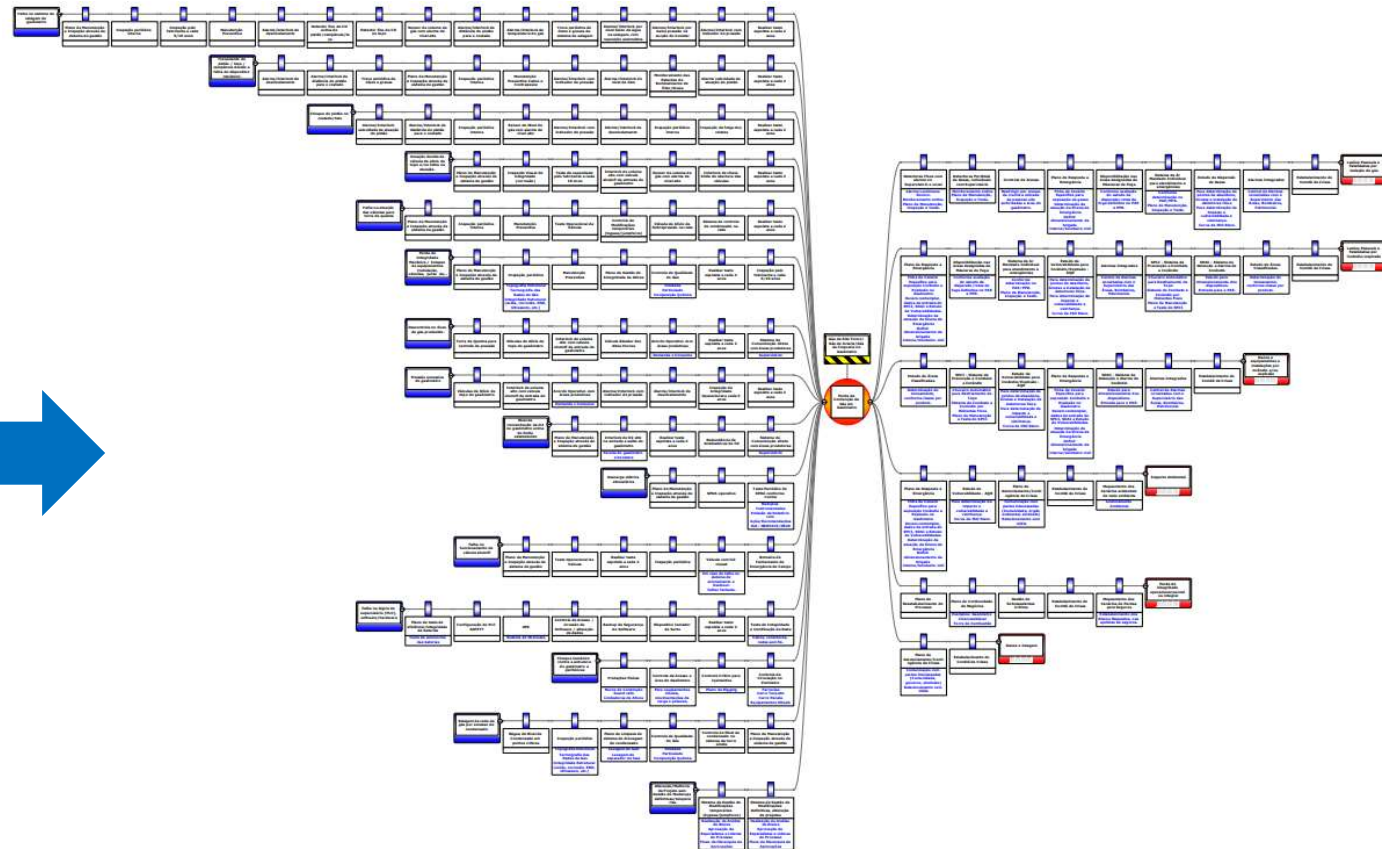
Evento Topo: Perda de contenção de gasômetro tipo Wiggins de gás de Alto Forno



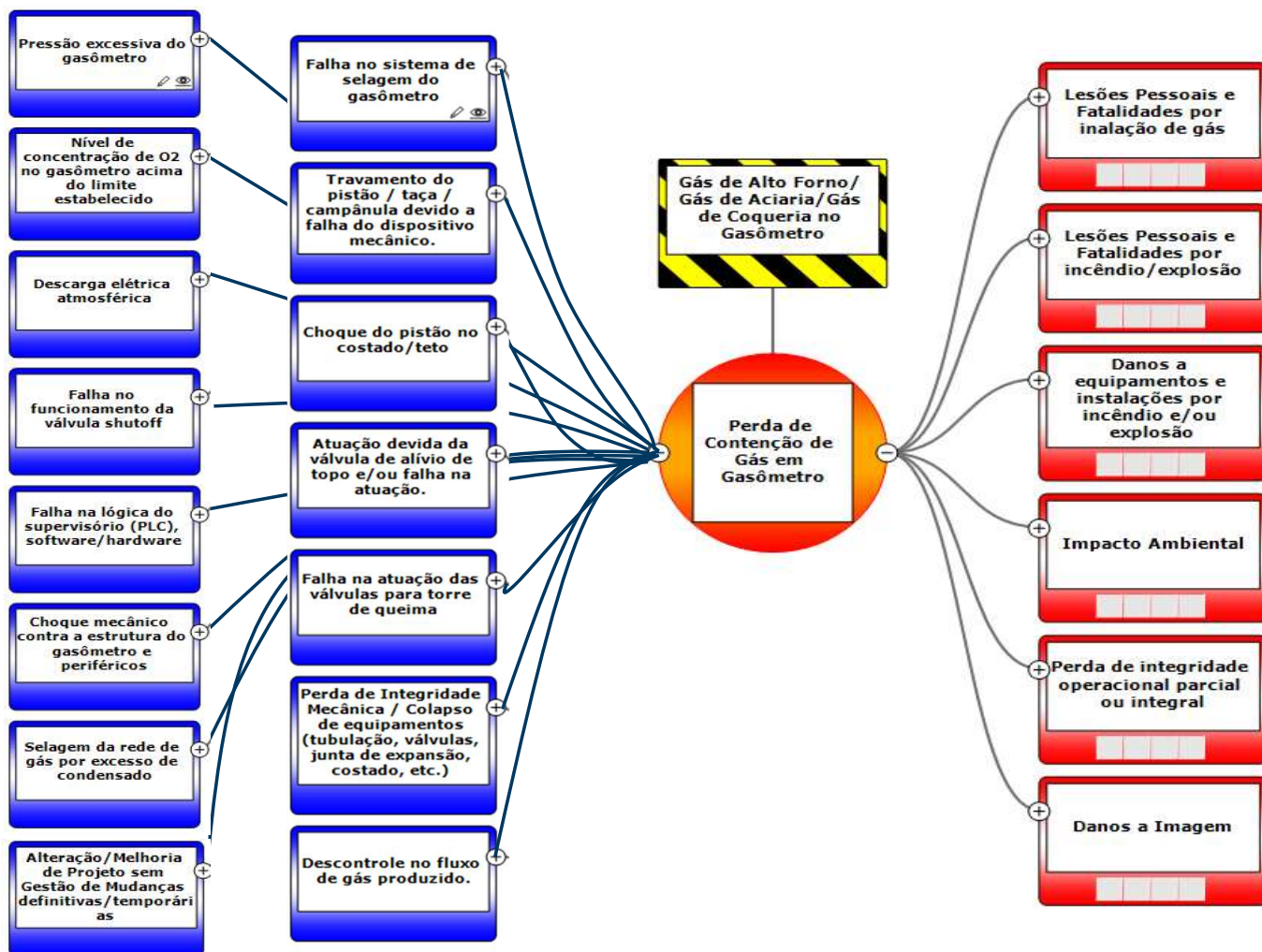
Evento Topo: Perda de contenção de LDG



BOWTIE REFERÊNCIA – PERDA DE CONTENÇÃO DO GASÔMETRO



Elaboração do Bowtie - Modelo



Comitê de
Segurança de
Processos do:



22 e 23 de Novembro de 2023

BowTie Perda de Contenção de Gasômetro

15 Ameaças

6 Consequências

244 Barreiras

INSTITUTO
AÇO BRASIL



Obrigada!

Pauliana Craveiro
Coordenadora do GT de PSM
Gerente de Área de Segurança – ArcelorMittal Pecém
Pauliana.craveiro@arcelormittal.com
(85) 98164.2948

→ **SIGA O
AÇO BRASIL**
nas redes
sociais:





Gestão Dinâmica de Barreiras (GDB)

Fábio Leandro Rossi

SMS/ECES/SP
Junho/2024



Agenda

Tópicos

1. Desafios da Segurança de Processo
2. Gestão Baseada em Risco
3. Bow Tie
4. Padronização
5. Contratação
6. Gestão Dinâmica de Barreiras
7. Desafios
8. Pontos principais
9. Próximos passos

Desafios da Segurança de Processo



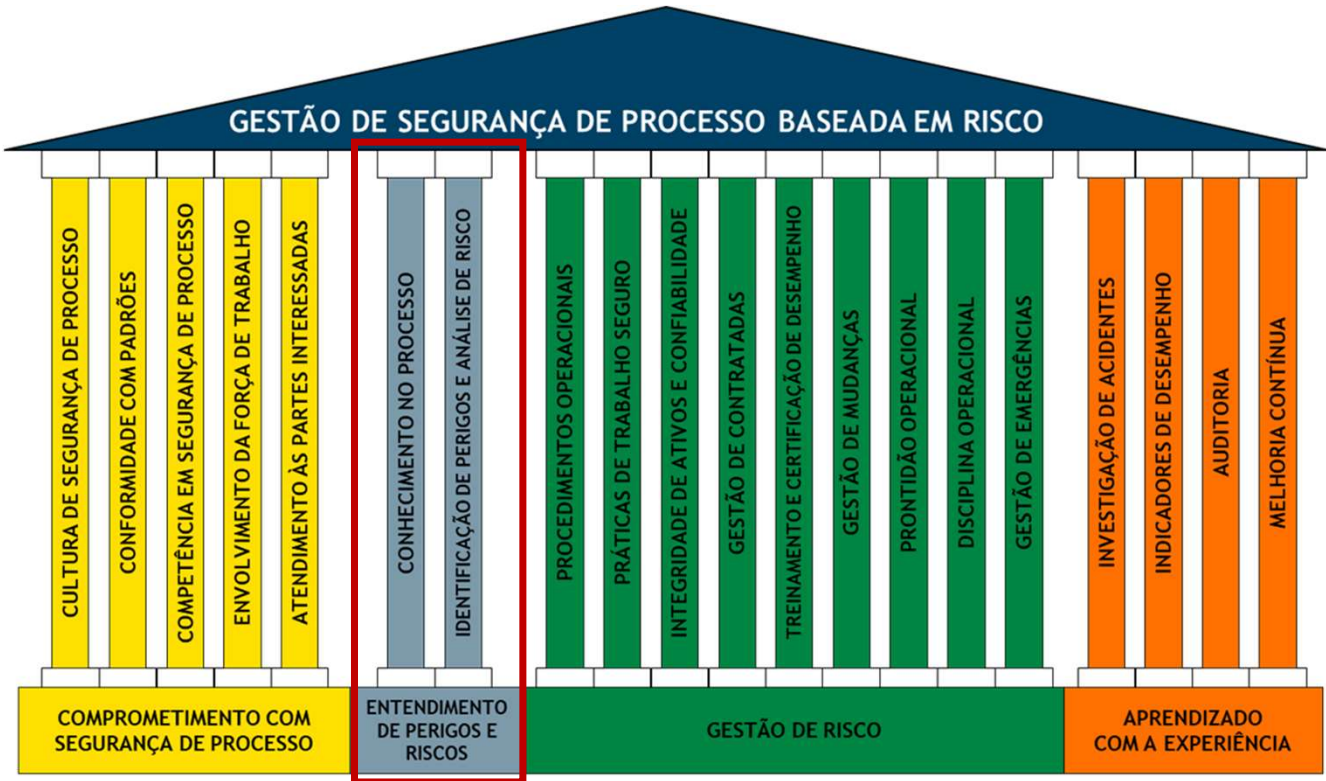
Qual o custo de um acidente?

Qual o impacto na imagem da empresa?

Como aprimorar a gestão de risco da companhia de forma a evitar acidentes catastróficos?

PÚBLICA

Gestão Baseada em Risco



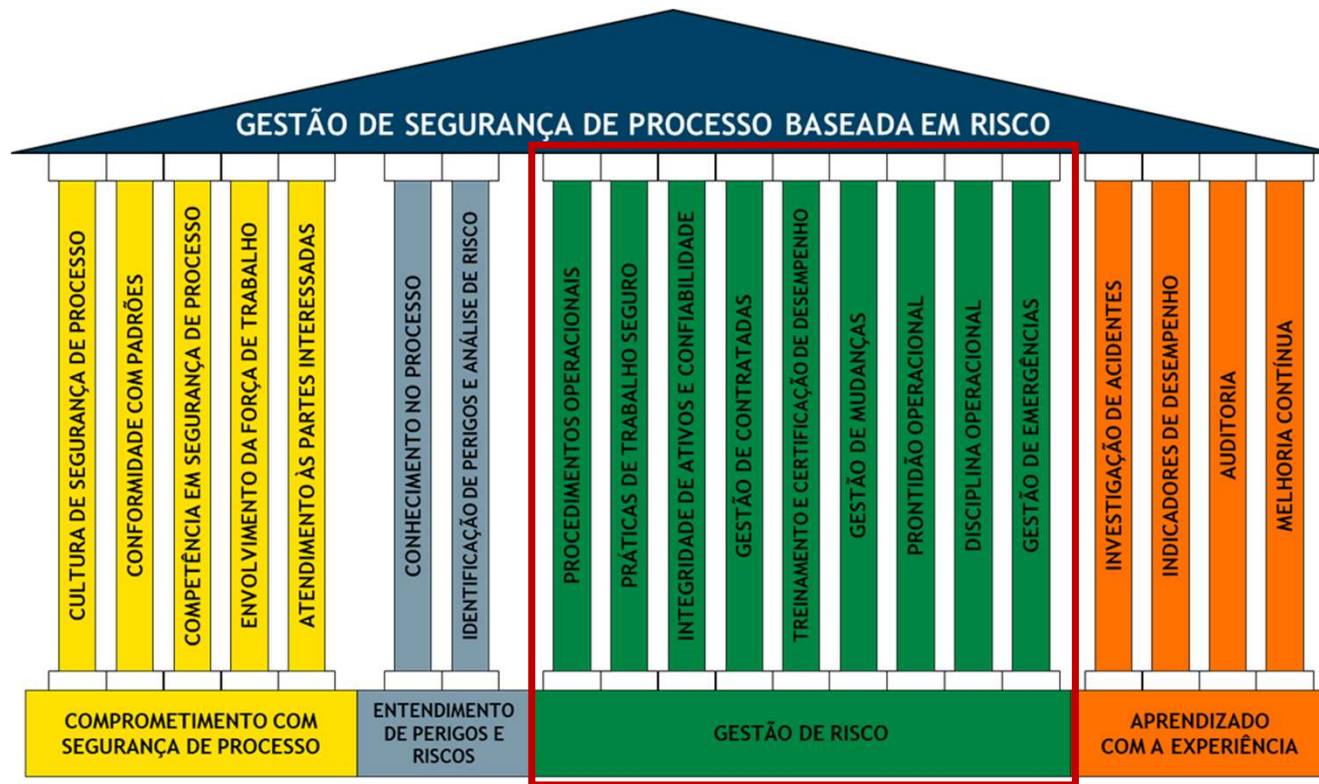
Matriz de Risco

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
1	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Take immediate action	Take immediate action	Take immediate action
0.1	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Take immediate action	Take immediate action
0.01	No further action required	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Take immediate action
0.001	No further action required	No further action required	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives
0.0001	No further action required	No further action required	No further action required	No further action required	Evaluate risk reduction alternatives
0.00001	No further action required	No further action required	No further action required	No further action required	No further action required
0.000001	No further action required	No further action required	No further action required	No further action required	No further action required

Increasing Frequency (in company-determined units) ↑
 Increasing Severity (in company-determined scale) →

Fonte: Diretrizes para Segurança de Processo Baseada em Risco
 CCPS – Center for Chemical Process Safety

Gestão Baseada em Risco

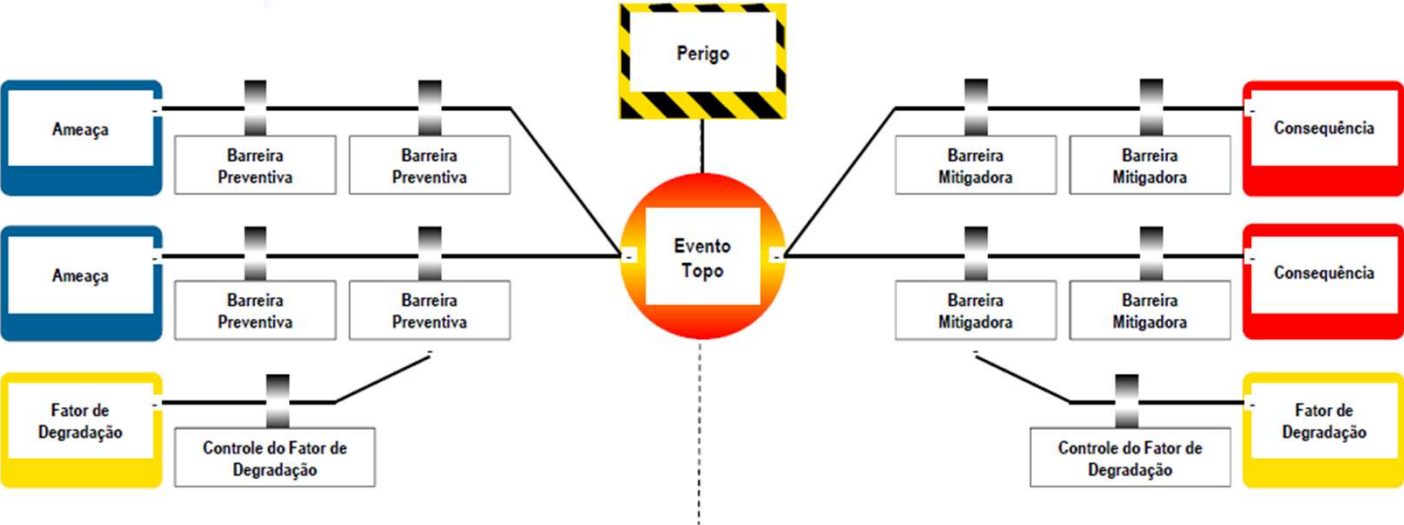


- Inspeção
- Manutenção
- Operação
- Processo
- Automação
- Resposta a emergências

KPIs

Fonte: Diretrizes para Segurança de Processo Baseada em Risco
 CCPS – Center for Chemical Process Safety

Bow tie



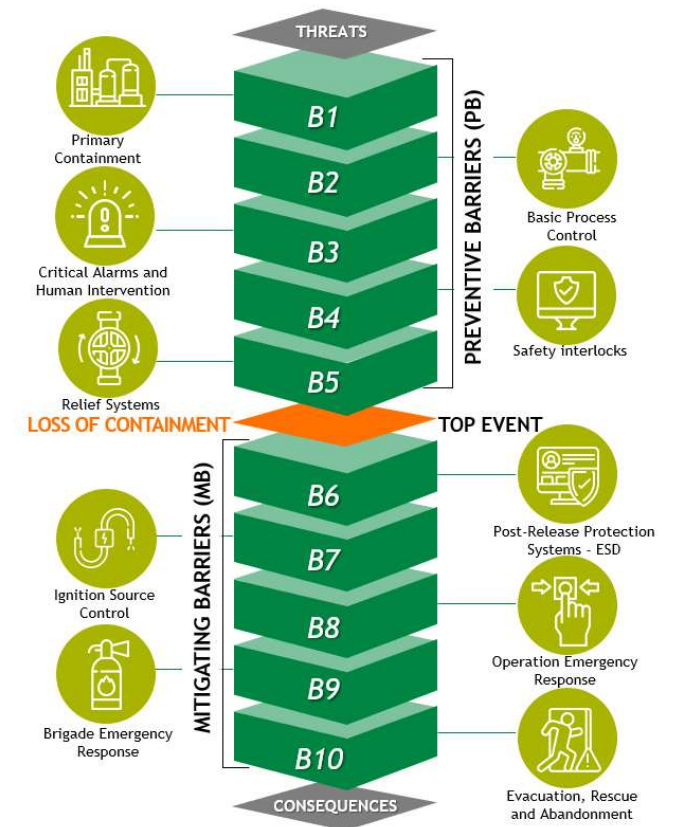
BOW TIE é um diagrama que mostra como várias ameaças podem levar a uma perda de controle de um perigo e permitir que esta condição insegura se desenvolva em um número de consequências indesejáveis. O diagrama é capaz de mostrar todas as barreiras e controles de degradação implantados”.

CCPS AiChe – Bow Ties in Risk Management, 2018. A Concept Book for Process Safety

Padronização

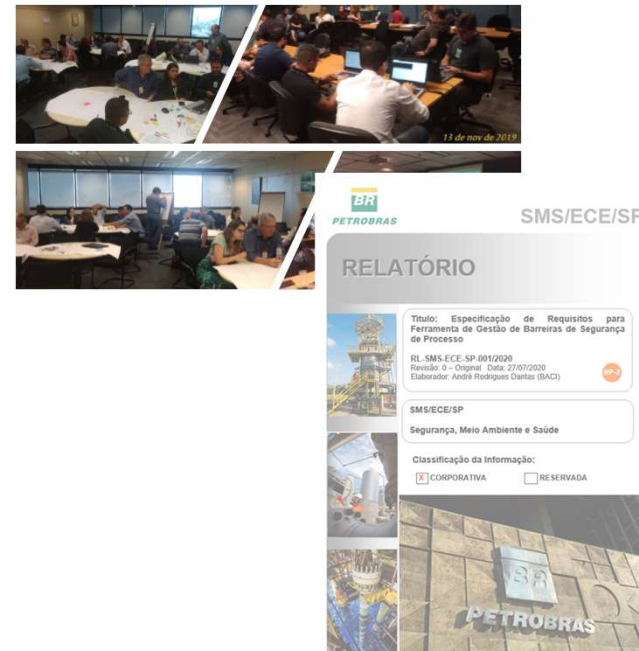


A metodologia construída pela Petrobras utiliza a metodologia de Bow Tie, observando ameaças, 5 barreiras preventivas, evento topo, 5 barreiras mitigadoras e possíveis consequências.



Contratação

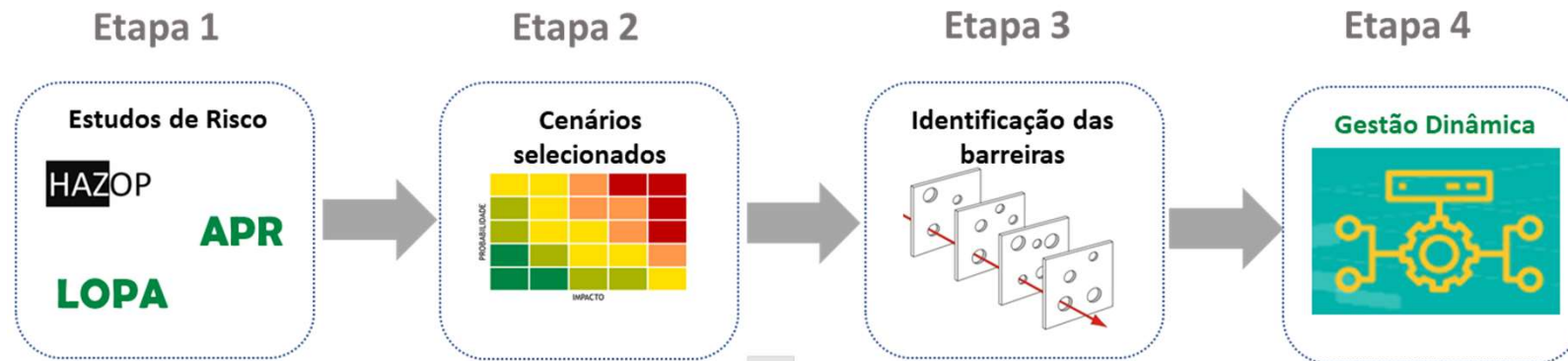
- Definição de Requisitos;
- RFI (*Request for Information*);
- Seminário externo;
- Préqualificação ;
- Licitação.



PÚBLICA

Gestão Dinâmica de barreiras

O objetivo do projeto é **umentar o entendimento de cenários específicos** e **prover uma indicação clara da disponibilidade da salvaguarda** (medida de controle de risco).



Gestão Dinâmica de barreiras

Visão integrada e dinâmica do status das barreiras de segurança de processo.



Decisões tomadas com informações operacionais, atualizadas e reais.

PÚBLICA

Gestão Dinâmica de barreiras

Visão integrada e dinâmica do status das barreiras de segurança de processo.



- Integração com 30 bases primárias de dados da Petrobras;
- Tradução de mais de 100 critérios de degradação em consultas;
- Atualização periódica conforme dinâmica do processo;
- Mais de 300 mil equipamentos monitorados;
- Conexão remota em nuvem;

Desafios

Documentos



Garantir a atualização no ambiente da ferramenta dinâmica de gestão de barreiras;

Suporte



Central de suporte de software;
Gestão de melhorias;

Treinamento



Disponibilidade de recursos humanos capacitados para implantação e operação da ferramenta;

Outros



Gerenciamento de mudança;
Disponibilidade de conexão;
Governança.

Pontos principais



- Melhora da comunicação do risco e engajamento dos envolvidos;
- Otimização do recurso para fortalecimento dos controles;
- Rápida adaptação para mudanças no risco;
- Análise crítica da gestão de Segurança de processo uniforme;
- Ferramenta de decisão baseada em risco.

Próximos passos



PÚBLICA



Obrigado!

