



Process Intensification

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Process Science & Technology Center

An industry and government (NSF, DOE) supported center conducting fundamental and applied research targeted at reducing energy consumption and capital expenditures. The center consists of multiple collaborators from multiple institutions.





Process Intensification

Eldridge definition: Combining or optimizing multiple process steps to reduce energy consumption and /or capital cost.

Five examples from the PSTC / SRP / Eldridge Laboratories:

Divided Wall Distillation.

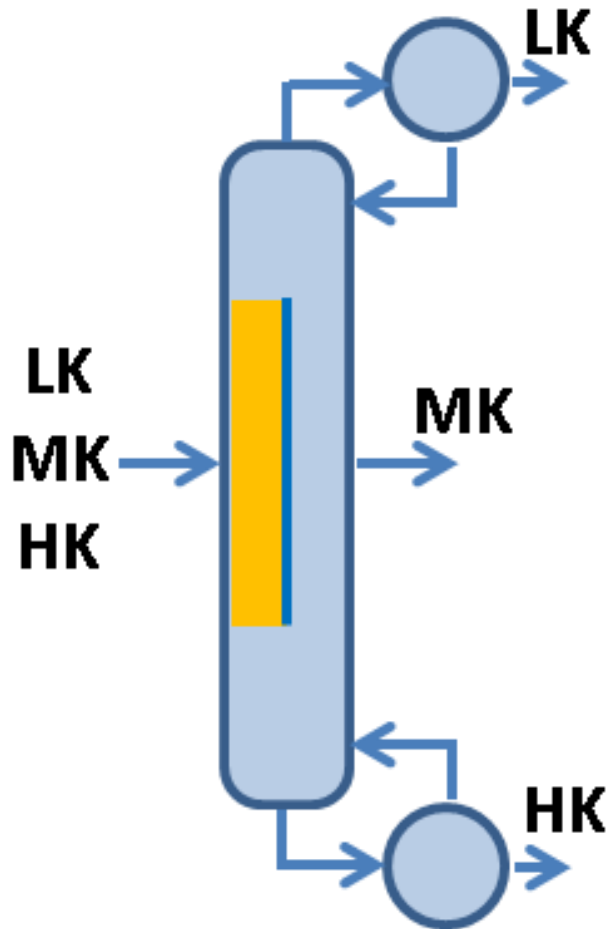
Membrane Reactors.

Reactive Distillation.

Chemically Enhanced Separations.

Rapid Prototyping of Mass Transfer Devices.

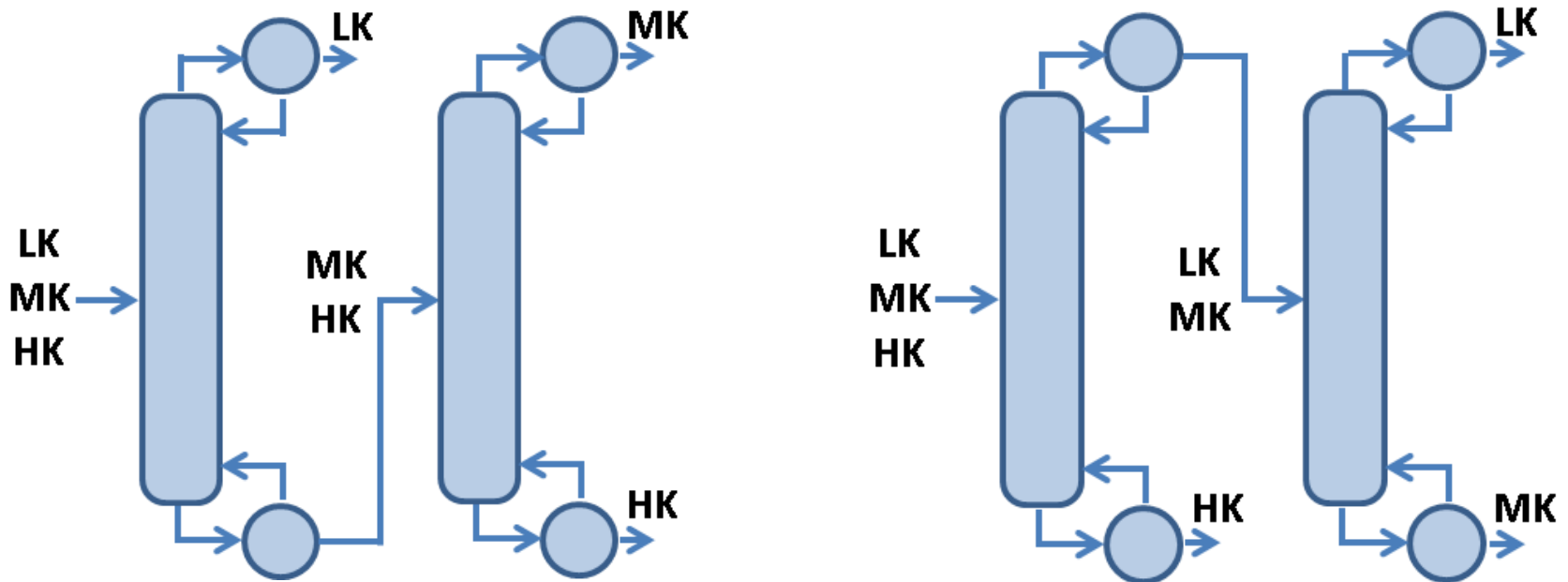
Divided Wall Column Distillation



Divided Wall Column



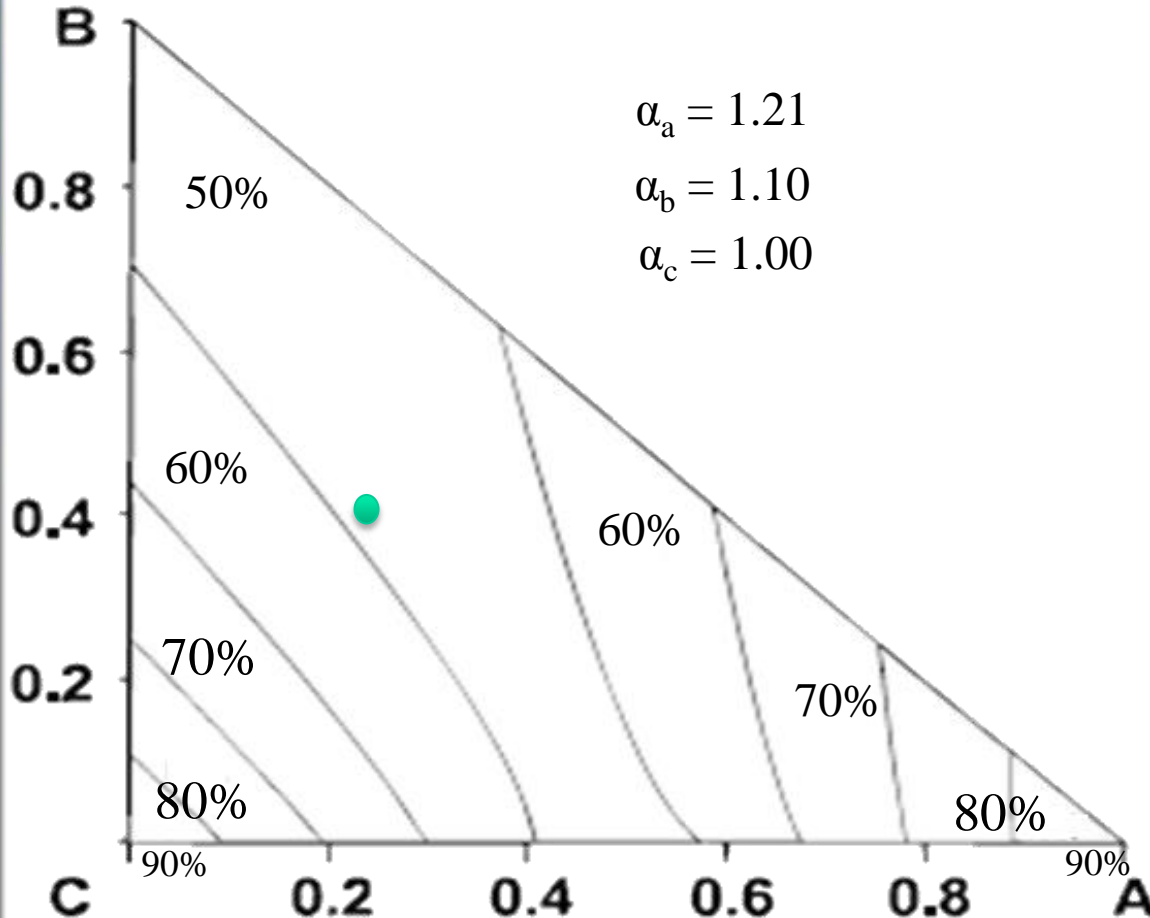
Multicomponent Separations





Potential Energy Savings

% of Traditional Reboiler Duty



Assumptions:


Ideal vapor

Ideal liquid

No pressure losses

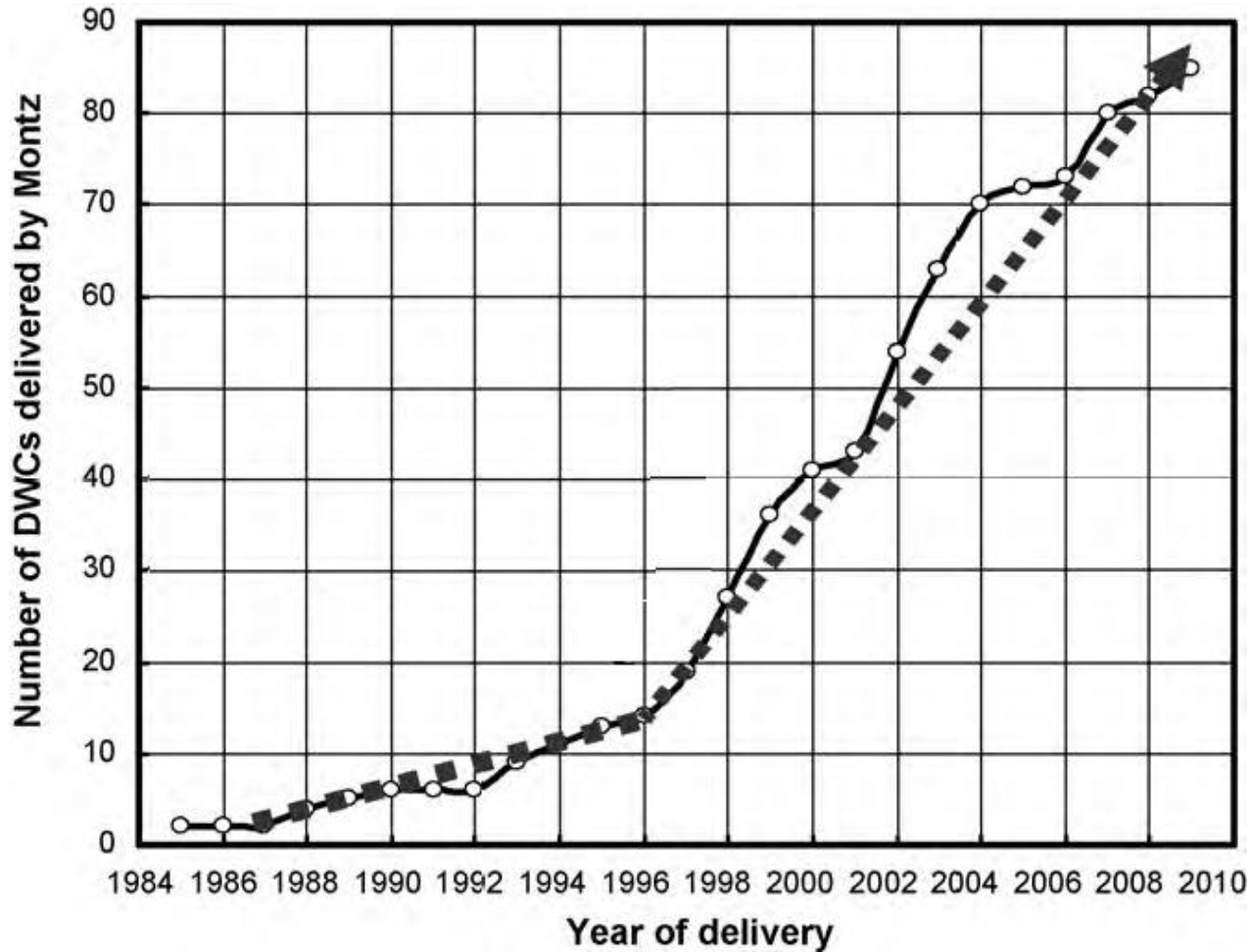
No wall heat transfer

Constant relative volatilities

 **A:30**
B:40
C:30

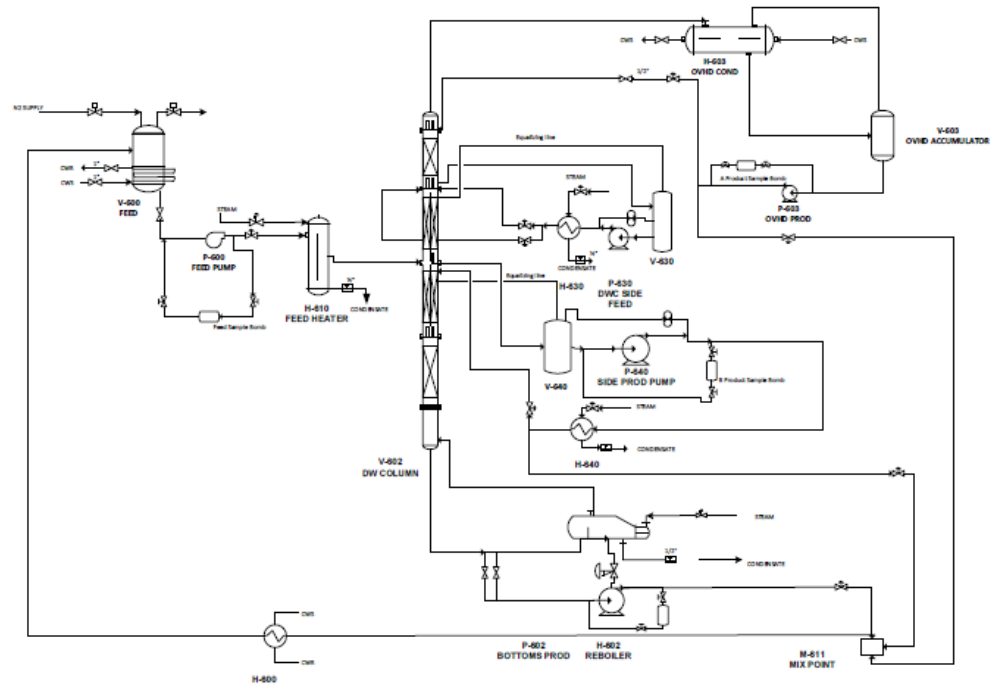


Implementation

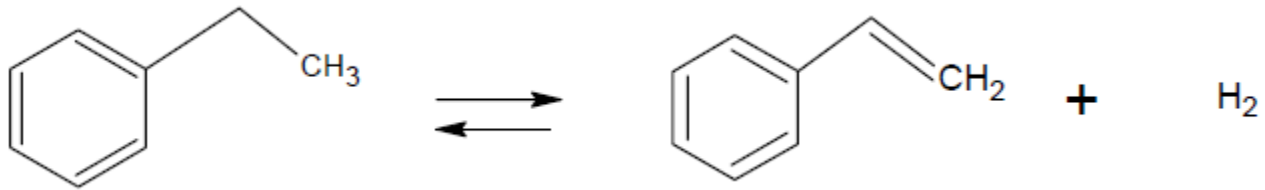


Dejanovic, L., Matijasevic, Z. & Olujic, Z. Dividing wall column - a breakthrough towards sustainable distilling. *Chem. Eng. and Pro.*, **49**, 559–580 (2010).

Separations Research Program DWC Pilot Plant



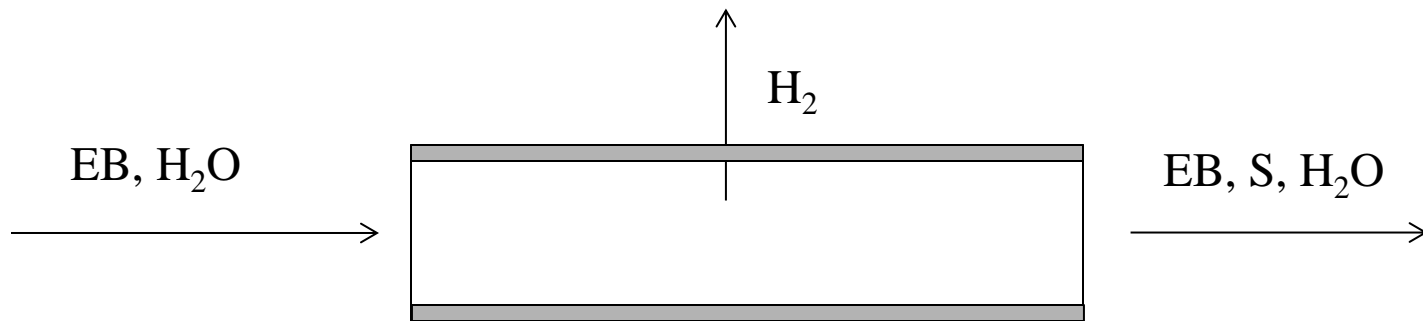
Membrane Reactor



Ethylbenzene

Styrene

Hydrogen





Experimental Unit



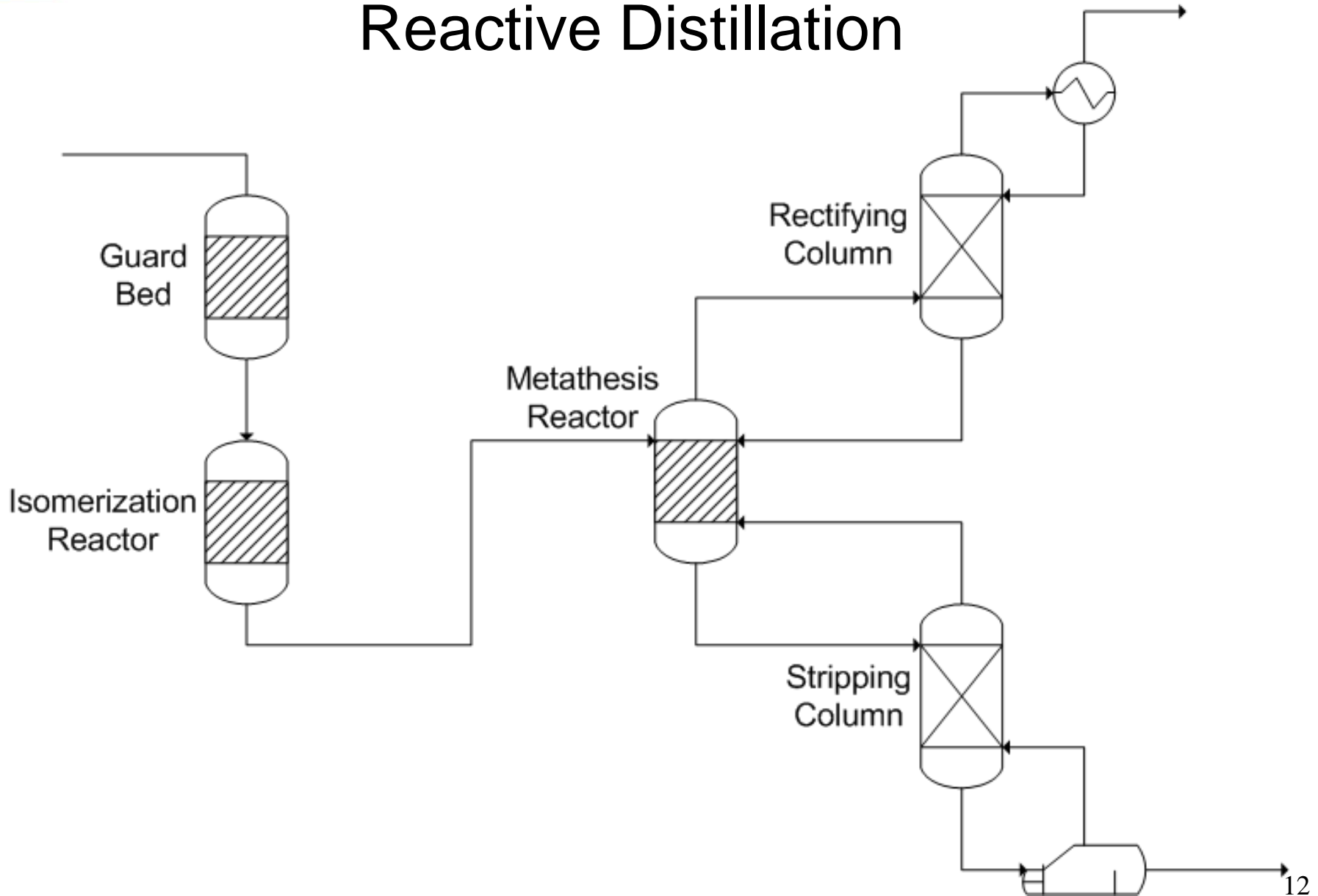


Open Literature Data

Reference	Membrane	H ₂ permeance cm ³ /cm ² /min/Psi (500 C)	H ₂ /N ₂ selectivity	H ₂ /H ₂ O selectivity
B.K Sea	SiC	9*10 ⁻²	4.3	4.5
B.K Sea	SiO ₂	5.4*10 ⁻³	2400	11
M. Kanezashi	Ni doped silica	1.1*10 ⁻⁶	400	37
Membrane A	Separative layer Al ₂ O ₃	9*10 ⁻²	5	1.8

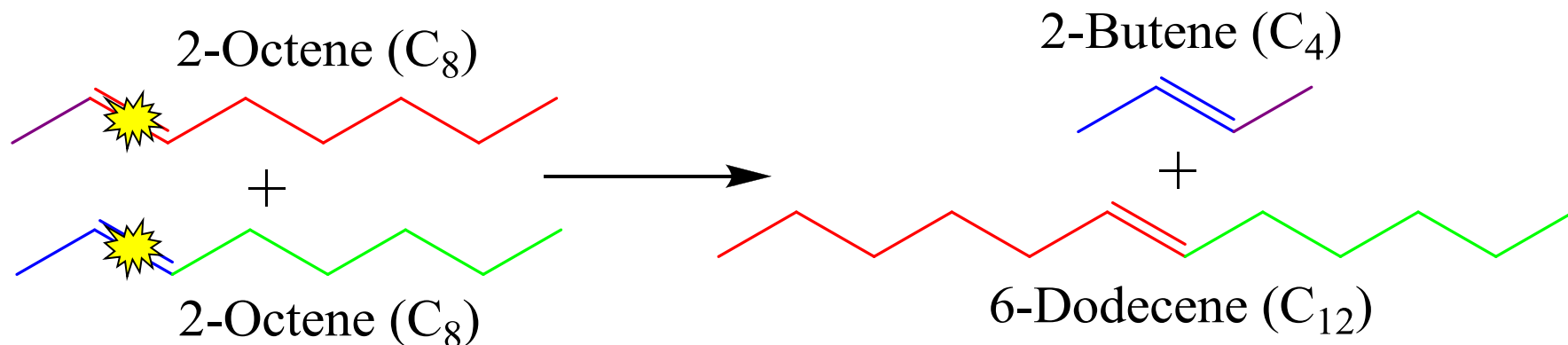


Reactive Distillation



Reaction: Olefin Metathesis

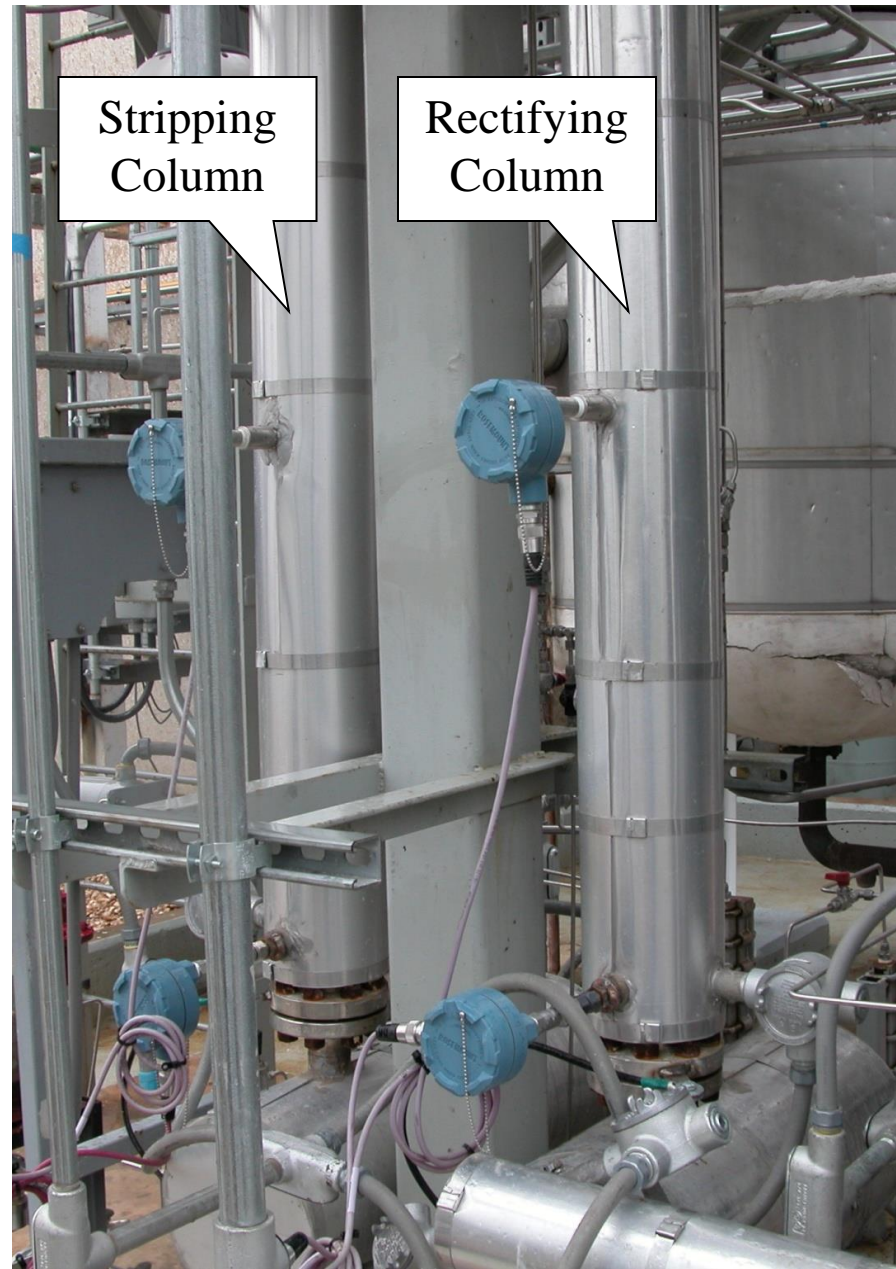
- Catalyzed equilibrium reaction that cleaves double bonds in alkenes and redistributes the alkene fragments
- With two asymmetric alkenes



- Further isomerization and subsequent metathesis can be used



Metathesis
Reactor

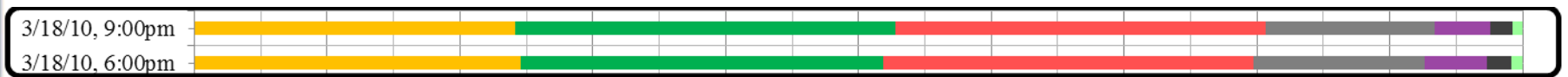


Stripping
Column

Rectifying
Column



Bottoms Concentrations



0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

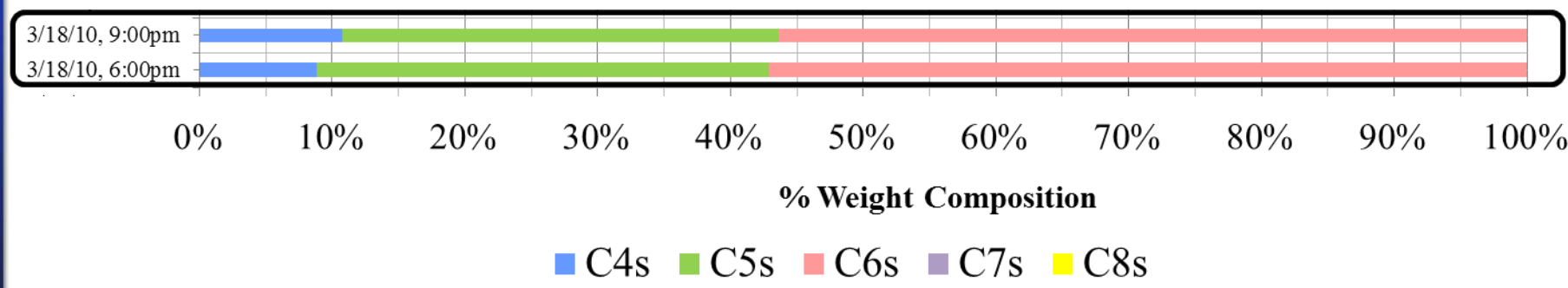
% Weight Composition

■ C9s ■ C10s ■ C11s ■ C12s ■ C13s ■ C14s ■ C15s ■ C16s ■ C17s ■ C18s ■ C19s

C8s	0.00%
C9s	0.00%
C10s	24.00%
C11s	28.00%
C12s	28.00%
C13s	13.00%
C14s	4.00%
C15s	2.00%
C16s	1.00%



Reflux Concentrations

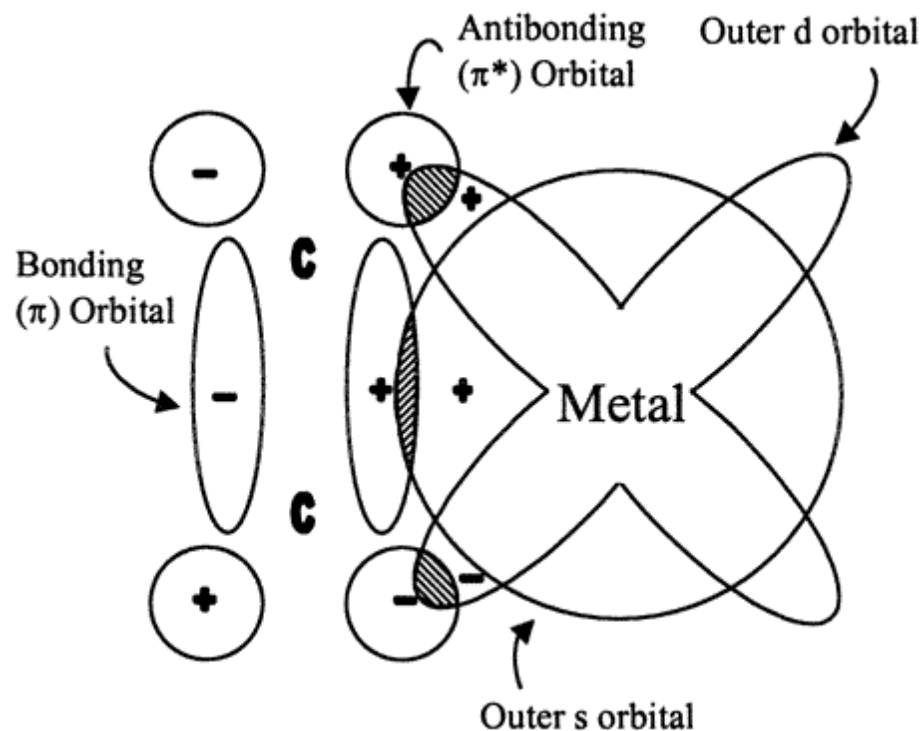


Compound	Reflux
C2s	0.00%
C3s	0.00%
C4s	10.00%
C5s	33.00%
C6s	57.00%
C7s	0.00%
C8s	0.00%
Total	100.00%

Chemically Enhanced Separations

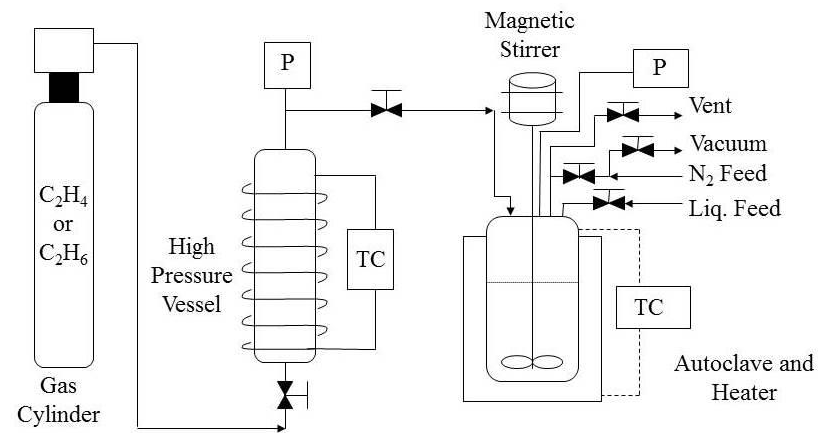
π bond complexation

- Weak reversible chemical bond
- Complexation favored by high pressures and low temperatures



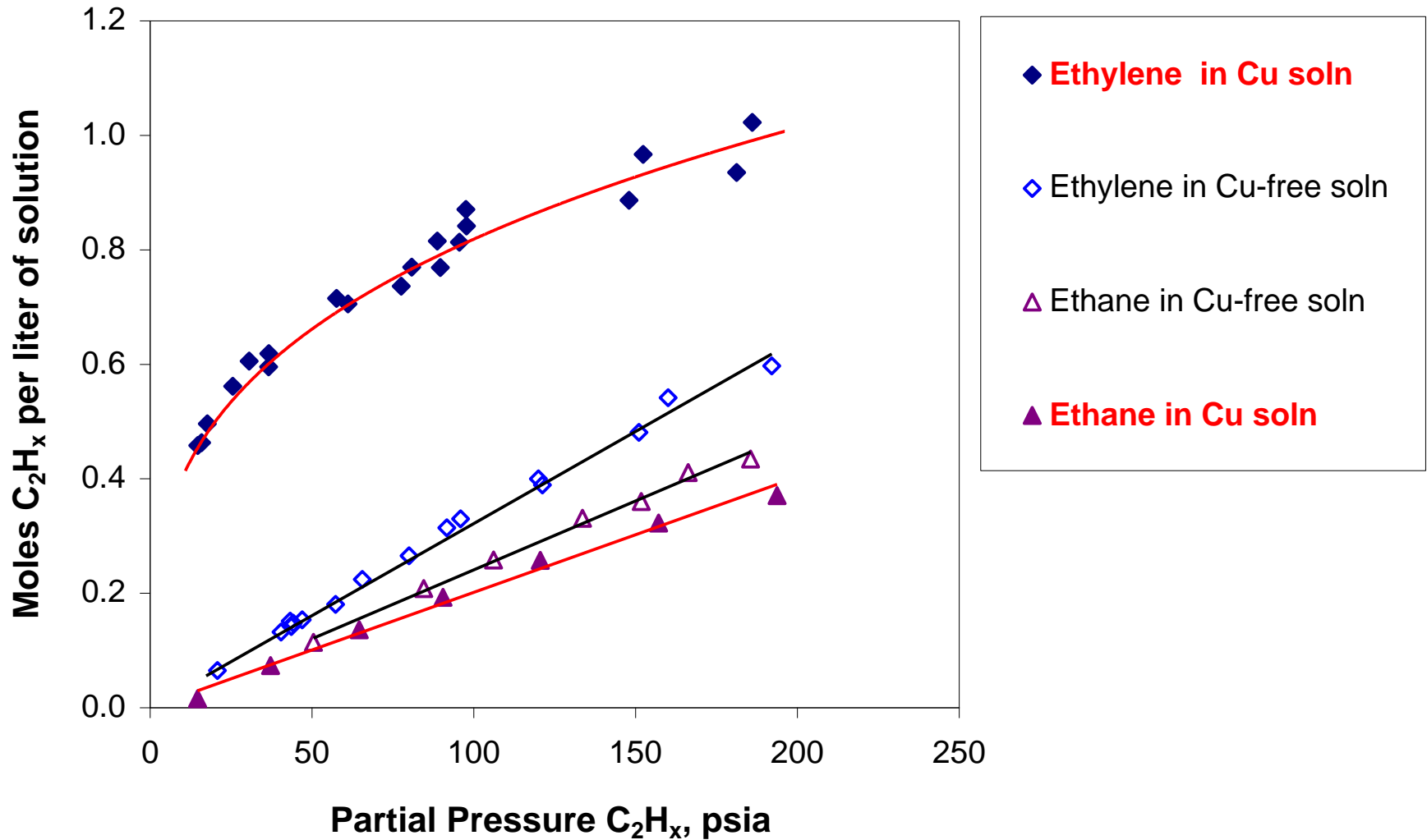


Experimental Apparatus



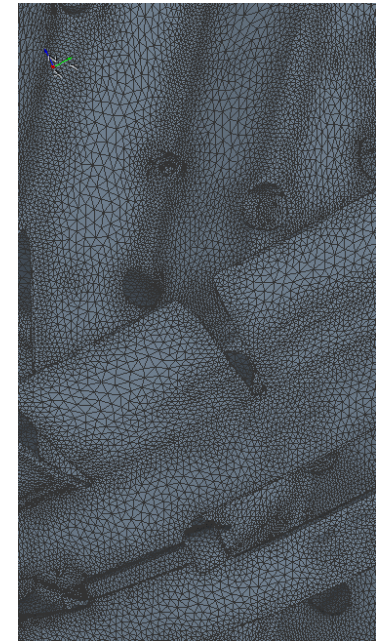
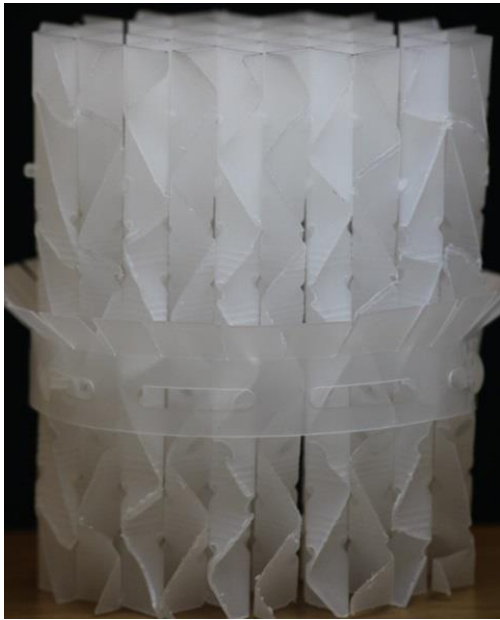


Chemical Complexation

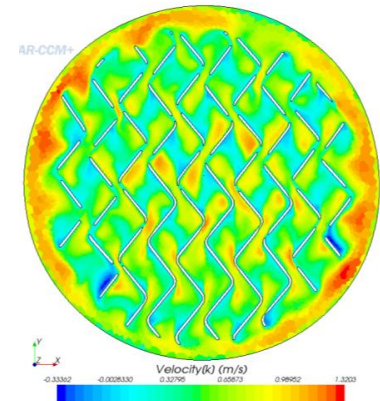
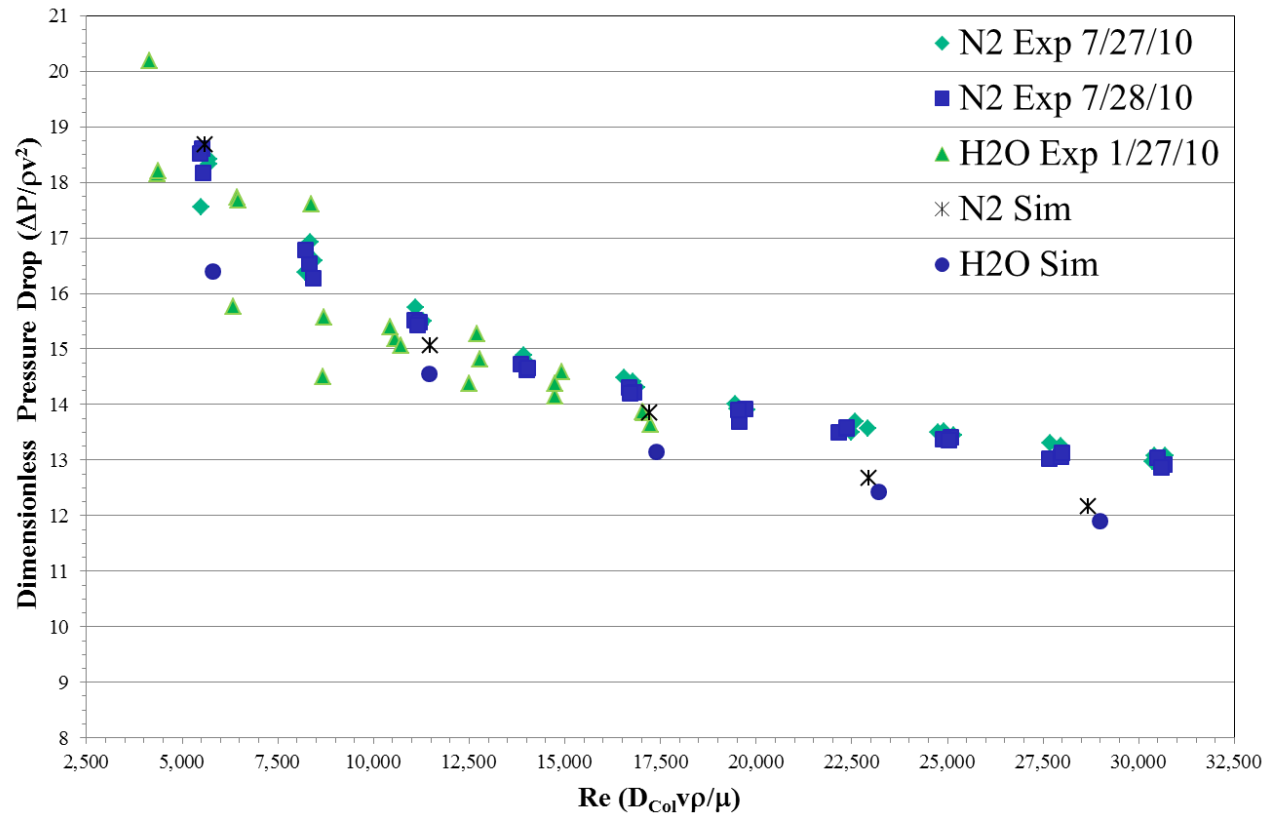




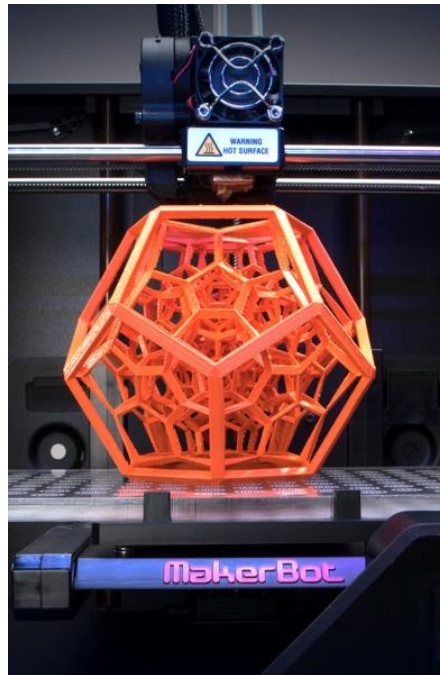
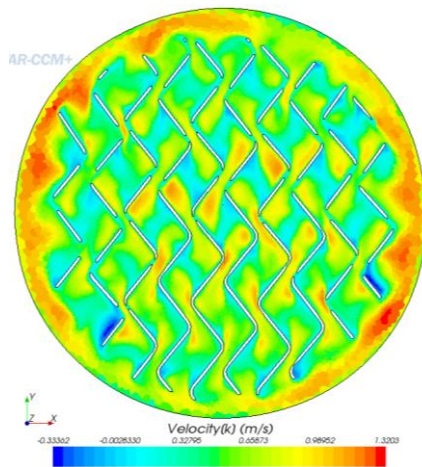
Rapid Prototyping of Mass Transfer Internals



CFD Geometry Generation



CFD Simulation Results



Rapid Prototyping / Testing