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Design and experimental investigation of a novel interconnected fluidized bed for chemical looping conversion of solid fuel

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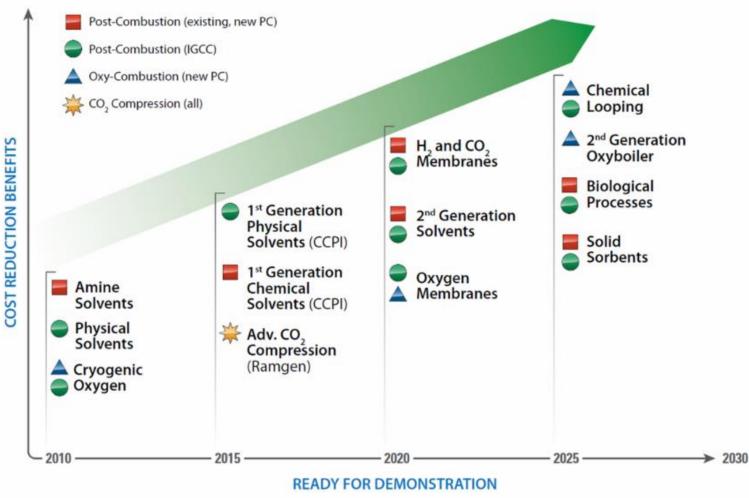


Introductions Design strategy of CL reactor Experimental investigation of cold model Conclusions

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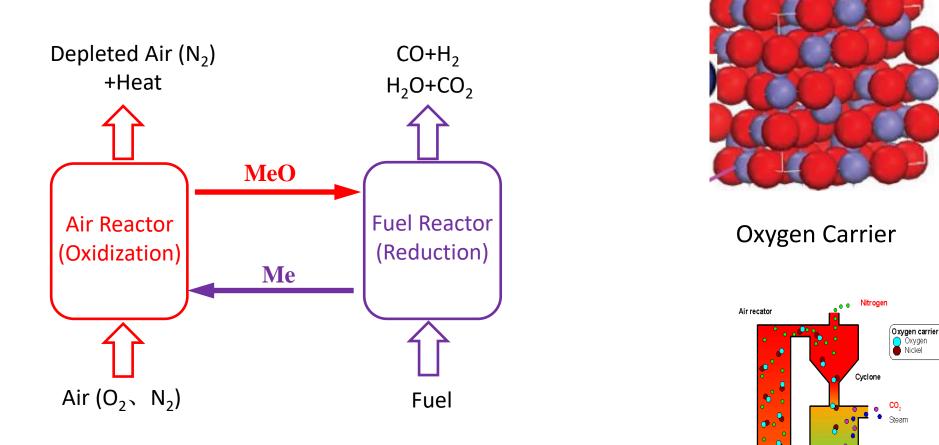
Background





■ **Chemical Looping Combustion** was considered as a promising technology for CO₂ capture.

• **Chemical Looping Concept** can achieve clean, high-efficiency and low-carbon conversion of fossil fuel.



Higher oxidation ability \longrightarrow CO₂+H₂O+heat, Chemical Looping Combustion, CLC

Chemical Looping Reforming, CLR

Lower oxidation ability \longrightarrow H₂+CO,

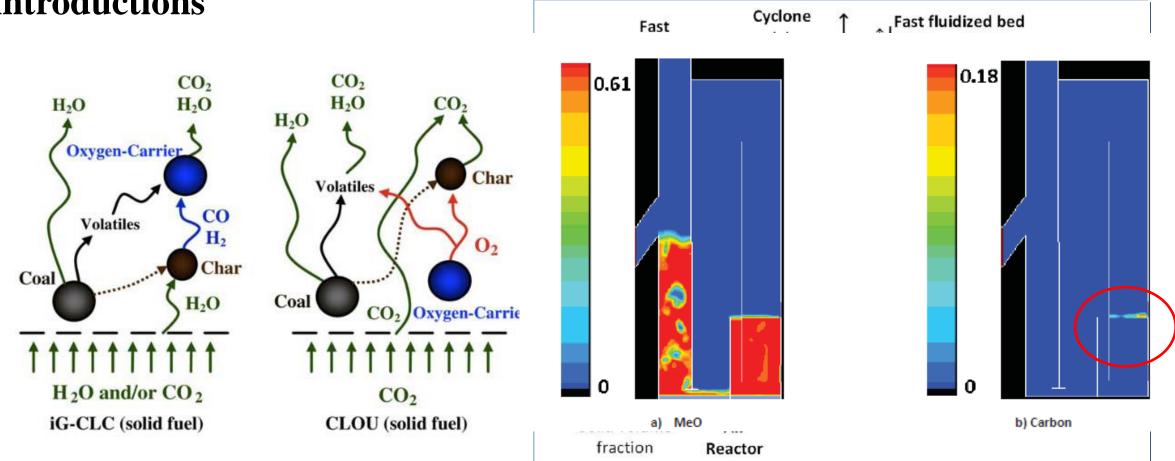
Chemical Looping Gasification, CLG

Chemical Looping Reactor

Methane

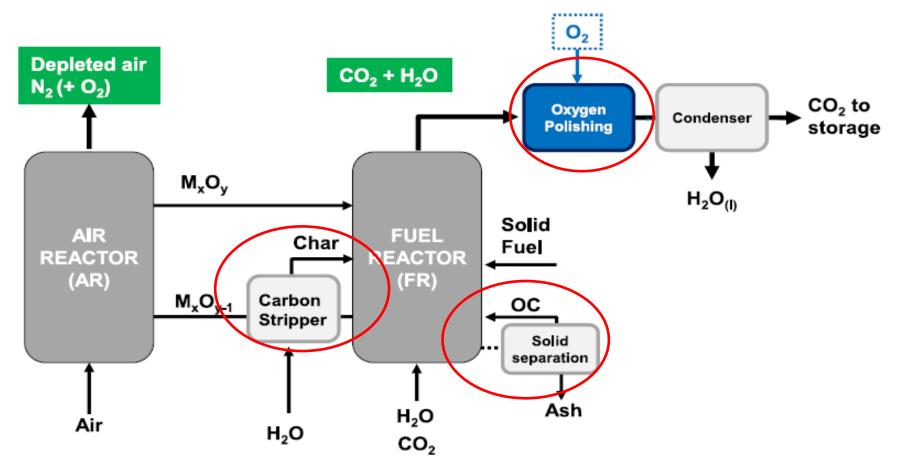
Fuel Reactor

by Jens Wolf, KTH



- Gasification of solid fuel is the control step, extending the residence \checkmark time of solid fuel can improve the conversion rate of solid char.
- However, the fact of the mixing and segregation of two particles with \checkmark different density and particle size in the fluidization bed was neglected.

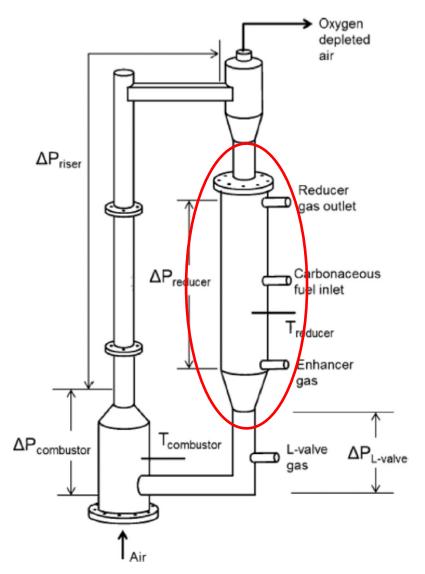
 $\rho_{OC} = 3000 \sim \text{kg/m}^3$ $\rho_{SF} = \sim 800 \text{ kg/m}^3$



Challenges I: Good mixing and reaction between two solid particles (OC and coal particles)

Challenges II: High conversion of the volatiles escaping from the reaction system(only for CLC, not CLG). Challenges III: Separation of un-reacted coal char from OC particles.

Challenges IV: Separation of ash and OC fine particles from the reaction system.



Moving bed: co-current or counter-current ensures the good contact of solid fuel with oxygen carrier, however, results to the poor mass transfer and heat transfer.

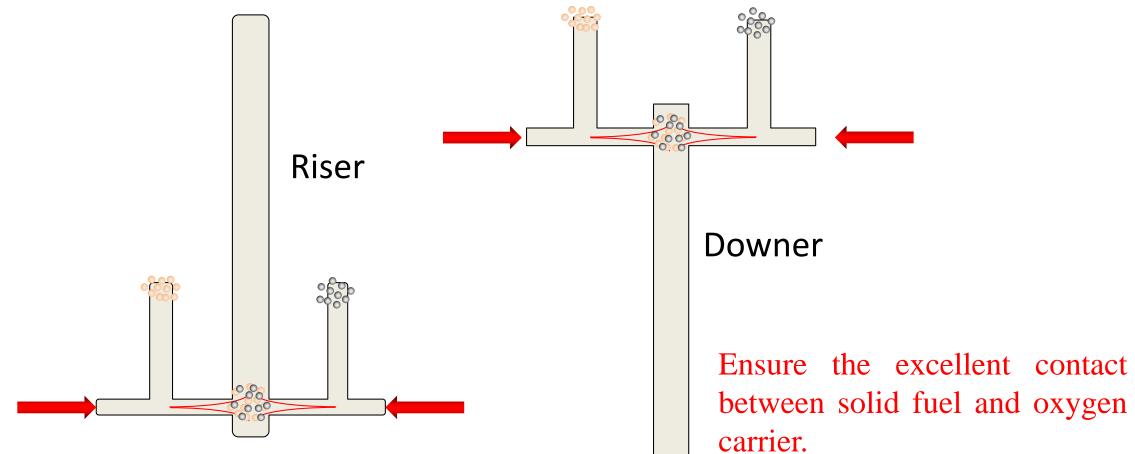
Fluidized bed with good contact of solid fuel with oxygen carrier as well as better mass transfer, heat transfer.



Chemical looping reactor proposed by Liang-Shin Fan

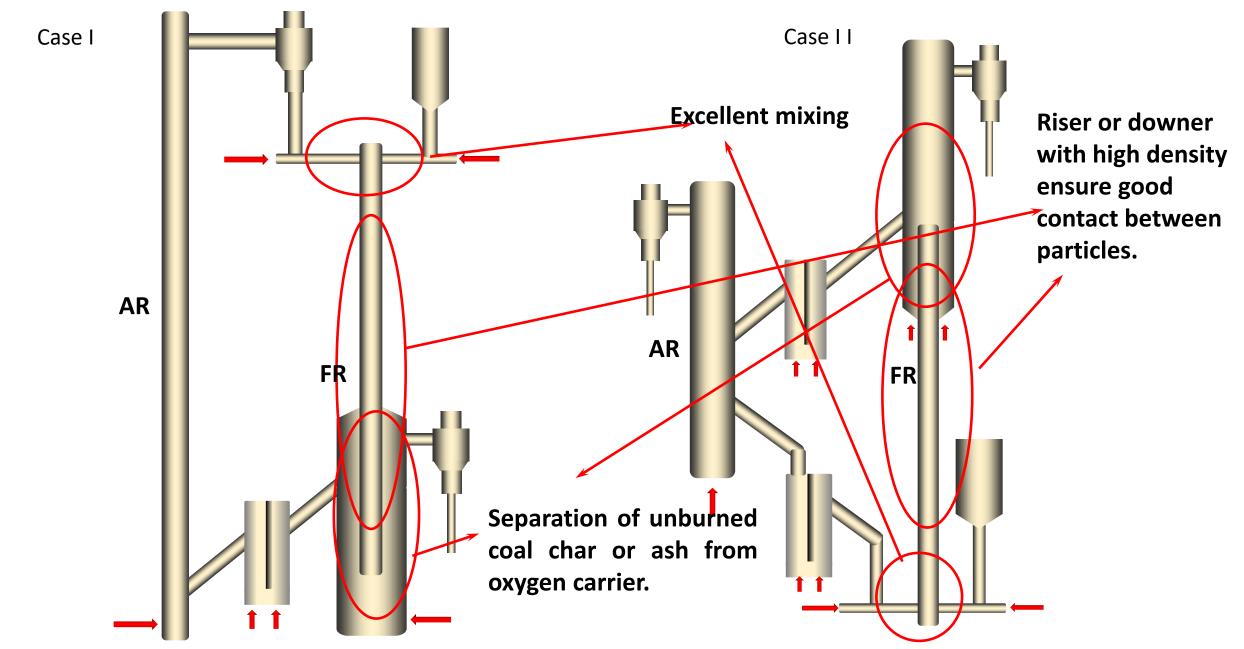
Design strategy of chemical looping reactor

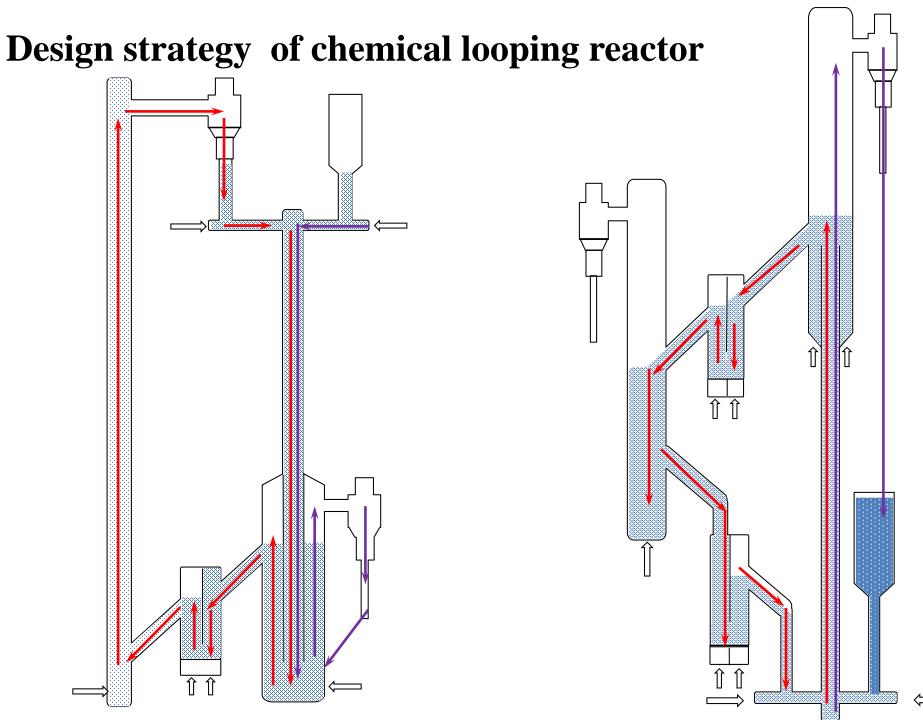




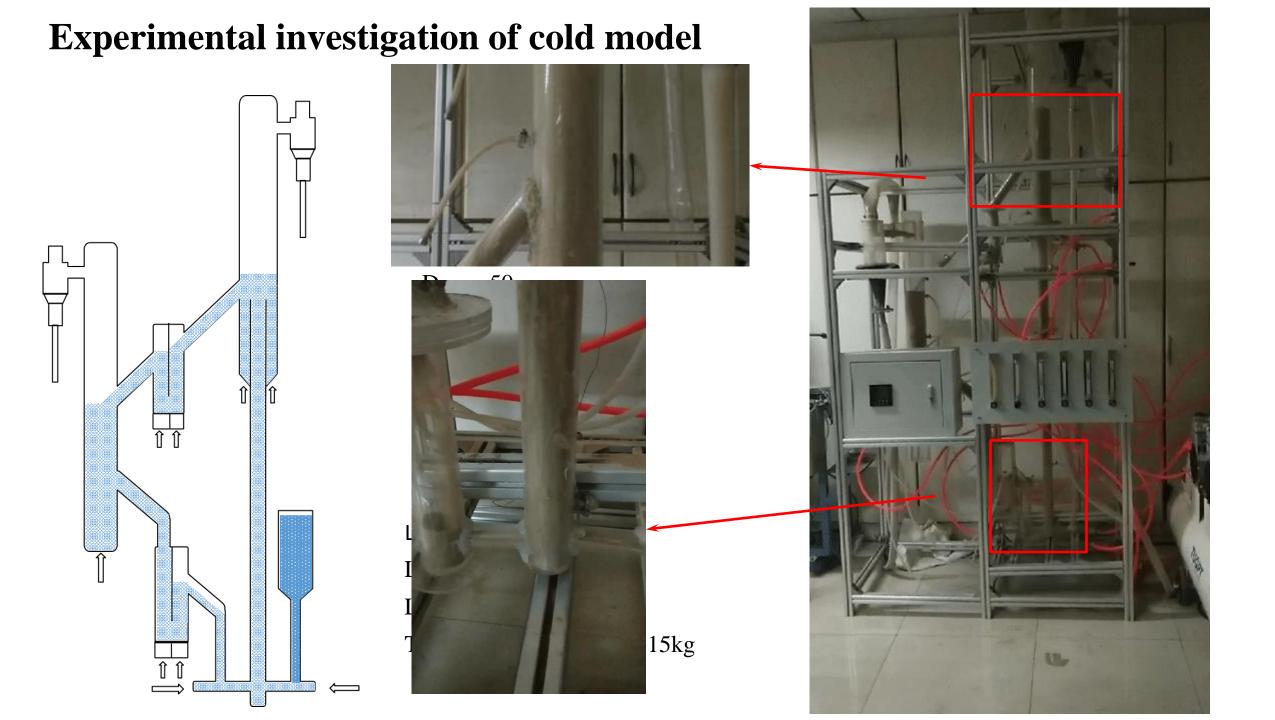
Feeding approach----jetting or impinging flow

Design strategy of chemical looping reactor





No cyclone in the whole oxygen-looping, reducing the abrasion of OC.



Ρ5 P8 -**Р7** Ρ4 P9 P10 P12 P11 💻

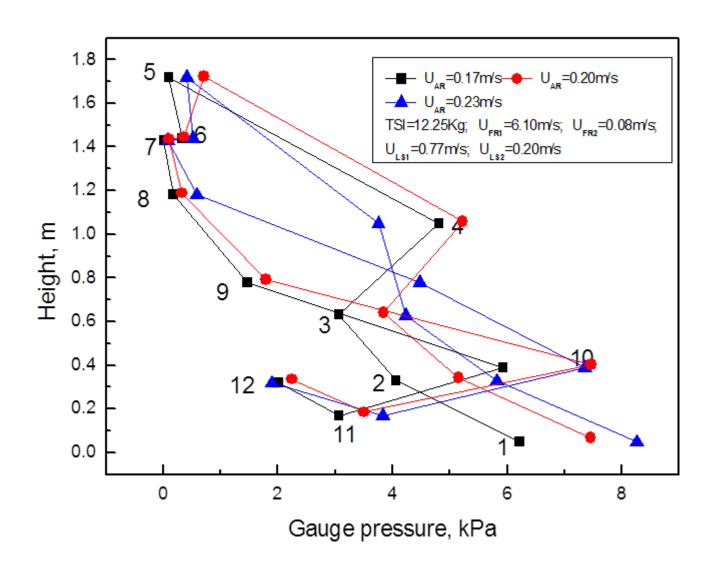
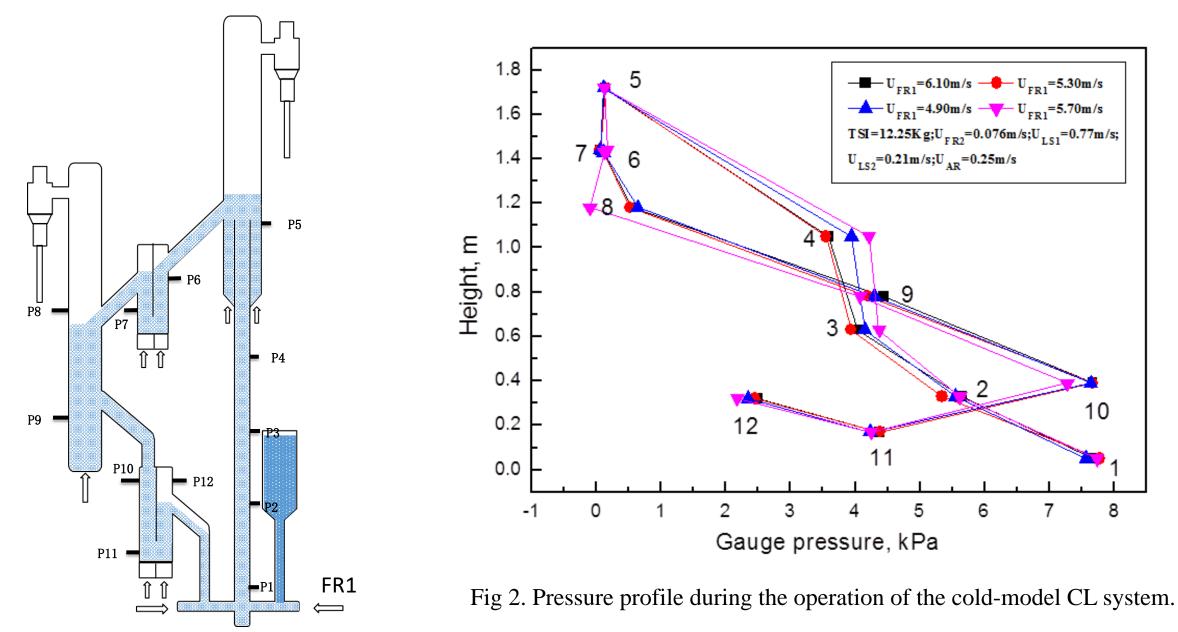
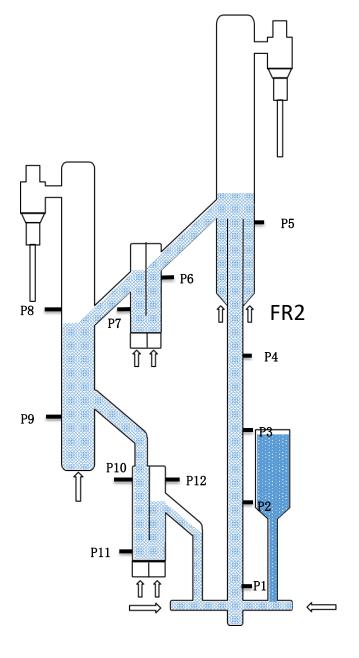


Fig 1. Pressure profile during the operation of the cold-model CL system.





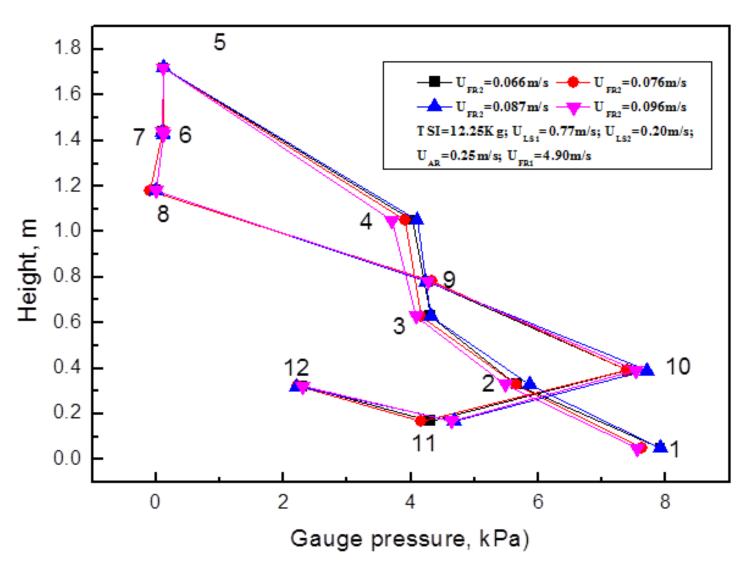
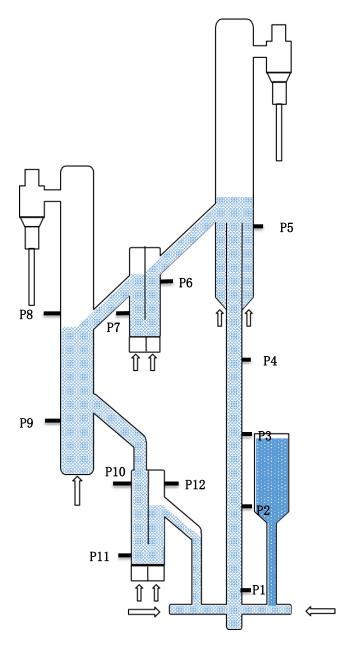


Fig 3. Pressure profile during the operation of the cold-model CL system.

Total solid inventory



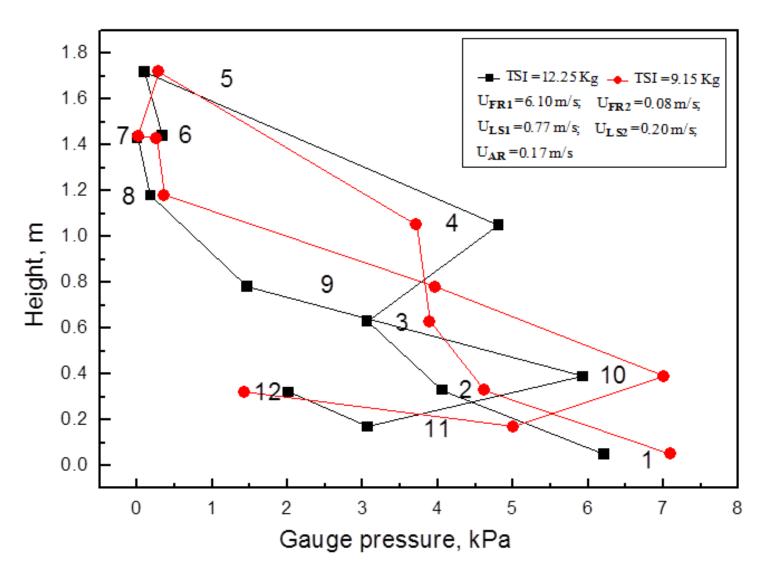


Fig 4. Pressure profile during the operation of the cold-model CL system.

Next work

Further experiments including:

- \checkmark The mixing of solid fuel and oxygen in the feeding section
- \checkmark The concentration profiles of FR
- \checkmark The separation characteristics of ash and oxygen carrier
- \checkmark The gas leakage of both looping seals
- \checkmark the hydrodynamics of the high density riser and downer
- \checkmark The hot model should be investigated.

Conclusions & outlook

- ✓ Based on the mixing and segregation characteristics of two particles with different density and particle size, a novel interconnected fluidized bed for chemical looping conversion of solid fuel was proposed.
- ✓ Jetting or impinging feed and high-density riser or downer can provide the good contact of solid fuel with oxygen carrier as well as better mass transfer, heat transfer.
- ✓ Turbulent fluidized bed or Spouted-fluidized bed of upper fuel reactor can realize the separation of unburned carbon or ash from oxygen carrier.
- ✓ A cold model was erected and proven to have a wide stable operation range. More experiments should be carried out.



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